State Library
JUN 1904

McKean County Miner.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Editor and Proprietor | OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY | TERMS: $1.25 Per Year

VOL. XLI. | SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904. | NO. 21

CAMP CUTTERS WIN EASILY.

Willie's Wonders Wallop Grant's Dog Town Brigade Last Saturday.

CAMP CUTTERS 16, SMETHPORTS 11.

Large Attendance—Sensational Plays Numerous—Great Excitement Prevailed.

One of the most exciting games of base ball ever pulled off in this place was played at Kane field, last Saturday afternoon, when the cutters of the Camp Window Glass factory walloped the diamond dust out of their fellow tradesmen of the Smethport Window Glass factory to the tune of 16 to 11, in seven prolonged innings of spectacular play.

A large crowd of spectators were early on the scene, anxiously awaiting the beginning of the affray, and when Prothonotary S. E. Bell pranced out into the diamond and, as official, shouted play ball a mighty hurrah for both factions of gladiators went up and the game was on. A toss of a coin put the Smethport cutters on the outs and A. Grant, attired in a loose fitting uniform and a confident smile, put his toe on the rubber and tossed a hot one at Bill Andrews, the first up, who reached first on an error and stole second and third and came home on a wild pitch. Daniels and Andorfer drew passes and Cheeseman struck out. Frank Riggall got anxious and batted out of turn, then Corwin and Bates got four bad ones each, scoring Daniels and Andorfer was caught on the home stretch, retiring the side with two runs.

Capt. Bill Andorfer, his sylph-like form encased in a glove-fitting uniform of delicate tints, pranced merrily into the twirlers' domain. Long Marks was so dazzled with Bill's brilliancy that he couldn't see the sphere and fanned. Malcolm waited for four wide ones, stole second and came in on an error in right field on McGregory's fly. "Hod" Hay vindicated Winslow by driving one into left field that sung like a Jersey skeeter, and B. Moore and Estry did likewise, scoring McGregory and Hay. L. Johnson fanned, S. Moore took one in the slats and Andorfer threw Grant out at first. Score, Camp 2; Smethport 3.

Charley Nixon let three nice cylinders break in the catcher's mit and was laid off for carelessness. "Hod" Hay pulled down Johnny Wise's big one to centre. Andrews made two boxes out of a long narrow one and Daniels made one on a smaller roll, and some bad handling of the sphere by the Dog Town brigade together with two passes netted five runs for the Camps. A pass and two errors allowed two runs for the Smethport's, ending the second with the score of 7 to 5 for the Camps.

In the third Marks' error gave Nixon a life and "Johnny Wise" advanced him to second. Andrews cleaned up the stalls by dumping it into the creek, and with Nixon paraded home. Daniels made one an box and stole two while Andorfer and Cheeseman were cut out. Johnson stepped on his cylinder and retired; Moore rooted his to Andorfer; Grant got credit for one that Nixon dropped and Marks tried three times and missed. Score, 9 to 5.

Fourth. Corwin received a donation, Riggall got two boxes by a narrow margin and a passed ball and a sacrifice scored both before the side was retired. Malcolm went out to third; McGregory and Hay each made a clear box on singles but Moore dumped a short one to Andrews, who doubled Hay and therefore these boxes didn't count for anything at the settlement. Score, 11 to 5.

Fifth. Andrews was presented one, stole another and got a mark on the balance sheet by Daniels' fly to left and Andorfer's single. Corwin and Cheeseman failed to make good and the side retired. Cheeseman took the twirling end in place of Andorfer and by a donation to Johnson, a single and an error the Smethport's got credit for one making the score 12 to 6.

Sixth. Aside from a present to Nixon the Camps retired in order. Hay, for Dog Town, started the merry-go-round by making a box out of a little wavy one that most cutters would have dumped into the swing-hole, B. Moore and Estry followed with clear singles, and four balls and two errors netted four credits on the settlement sheets. Score, 12 to 10.

Seventh. Andrews opened by sending a long one to left which fell to the ground and Bill reached third on a bad throw. Daniels made one box of clear and Andorfer got up on an error at third. Cheeseman drew a pass and all four made good for settlement day before they were called out. The first two of the Dog Town contingent retired, B. Moore got one on Andrews' error and tallied on Estry's hit, and Johnson ended the game by fanning. Score, Camp Cutters 16, Smethport Cutters 11.

Following is a tabulated tale of the affray:

Smethport Cutters.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
L. Marks, ss	3	1	0	0	1	1
A. Malcolm, rf	4	1	0	0	0	1
McGregory, 3d	5	2	1	0	2	1
H. Hay, cf	5	2	3	2	0	0
B. Moore, 1st	5	1	2	12	1	0
O. Estry, c	4	1	2	5	1	1
L. Johnson, 2nd	4	1	1	3	4	1
S. Moore, lf	3	1	0	1	0	2
A. Grant, p	4	1	1	1	3	2
Total	36	11	10	20x	12	9

Riggall out for batting out of turn.

Camp Cutters.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bill Andrews, ss	4	3	2	1	1	1
W. Daniels, c	4	3	2	9	1	0
W. Andorfer, p-2d	4	2	2	1	4	1
T. Cheeseman, 1st-p	3	2	1	8	1	0
C. Corwin, 2d	3	2	0	1	1	1
F. Riggall, lst	4	1	1	0	0	1
E. Bates, rf	4	1	0	0	0	1
C. Nixon, cf	3	0	0	3	0	1
G. Schroth, lf	4	0	0	0	0	1
Total	33	16	7	20x	10	9

Johnson hit by batted ball.
Earned runs—All of them were earned for everybody worked hard.
Home run—Andrews.
Two base hits—Andrews, Riggall.
Stolen bases—Camps 11, Smethports 6.
Struck out—by Grant, 7; by Andorfer, 8; by Cheeseman, 3.
Bases on balls—off Grant, 10; Andorfer, 3; Cheeseman, 5.
Wild pitches—Grant 2.
Hit by pitched ball—S. Moore.
Passed balls—Daniels, 2; Estry, 4.
Time of game—2 hours.

A Regular Fish Story.

Here is a "modest" story told by a Potter county sportsman, says the Williamsport Statesman, who has the reputation of holding his audiences spell bound by his recitals of remarkable adventures.

"We were fishing along Kettle Creek several weeks ago, and our catch had been enormous. About three o'clock in the afternoon we heard a peculiar noise on the bank of the stream like tearing of roots. So we went to investigate, and on nearing a point up the stream were suprised to find a large black bear digging up the ground to beat nine of a kind. We lay low to watch, and what do you think he was doing? Why, he was digging worms, and after putting nice fat angle worms on each side of his forepaws he ventured out in the stream on an old sunken log, put down his forefeet in the water, and actually scooped out huge trout so thick and fast that he almost darkened the sun.

"After a while, thinking there was enough fish for us, we put an ounce of lead into his head. Talk about fish! Great Heavens! There lay trout two feet deep, on which two young cubs were gorging themselves. Well, we skinned that bear, and, wishing to secure the cubs alive, I just threw the bear skin over me and got down on all fours, and those cubs followed me right into camp, thinking it was mother bear. The cubs I afterward sold for $25 each, and the hide of the mother, which was a very large one, brought me $40—not so bad a day's work. Oh, yes, about those fish on the bank. Well, we went back the next day and barreled up ten barrels of the rest of those trout. The rest were left to rot in the sun."

As soon as the listening party could recover from their partial paralysis they all rose up and "took suthin'."

Towns Should Advertise.

One of the finest requisites of a good business man, in this age of mercantile activity, is that he should understand the art of advertising. The same rules that govern private concerns should govern the business affairs of cities.

Every civilized town that has industrial aspirations and hopes to grow and prosper must let the world know what it has to offer by way of inducements. Manufacturing enterprises, business and professional men are ever seeking desirable locations, and it is a noticeable fact that comparatively few cities and towns are attracting them. This is because many towns which possess good water power, good shipping facilities, good schools and residential advantages, lack the life and enterprise to let the world know what they possess. They do not grow because they are unknown. They are like the drowsy merchant who does not think it worth while to advertise, but prefers to sit and watch the spiders spin webs across his doorway.

Every new enterprise that locates in a town adds to the prosperity and business possibilities of every dealer in the place and every citizen who has his own good and the good of the community at heart should take a hand in getting his town into touch with the busy, wide-awake world.—From "The World's Progress," in Four Track News for May.

B., B. & K. Excursion.

The B., B. & K. will run an excursion to Bradford, Buffalo and Chautauqua Lake Memorial Day, Monday, May 30. Special train will leave Smethport for Bradford and return connecting with B., B. & P. excursion train for Buffalo, also with Erie R. R. excursion train for Jamestown and Chautauqua Lake. Fare Smethport to Bradford and return only 50 cents. Fare Bradford to Chautauqua Lake and return via Erie R. R. only $1.00; tickets good only on date of sale. Fare Bradford to Buffalo and return via B. R. & P. R. R., $1.50, tickets good two days.

Special train leaves Smethort 6:55 a. m. Returning leave Bradford 9:30 p. m., after arrival of trains from Chautauqua Lake and Buffalo.

Comfort in the Kitchen,

by using one of our Summer Hot Plates and Ovens. We have them in different kinds and prices. Let us show you.

Holmes & Gilfillan.

NO CANDIDATES ARE NOMINATED.

Committee Appointed to Select Candidates for County Offices.

CONVENTION WAS HARMONIOUS (?)

Sensational Developments Were Slow Congressional and Senatorial Conferees Chosen.

The Democratic county convention which was held at the court house Tuesday afternoon was nothing if not original as most Democratic conventions in this usually are. In one sense of the word it was a very tame affair, but in other ways it was quite amusing.

The convention was called to order at 2 p. m. by County Chairman Daniel W. Healy. J. B. Garrigan of Bradford and B. F. McConnell of Kane were chosen secretaries. Thirty-three delegates answered to the roll call. Guy L. Burt was selected for the office of temporary chairman. James G. Paul, J. H. Beany, C. B. Shurtz, B. Gardner and Bruce Davis were appointed a committee on credentials. Charles G. Fitzgibbon, J. J. O'Connell, T. F. Hungiville, William Harton and Dr. Robison received appointments on the committee on resolutions.

George C. Fagnan, William P. Walsh and J. J. O'Connell were unanimously chosen for Congressional conferees, and William Haxton, T. F. Hungiville and Charles G. Fitzgibbon were selected as Senatorial conferees.

Candidates for the various offices to be filled at the elections this fall were very scarce and suitable timber could not be found. These conditions brought forth the happy thought from one of the master minds that it would be a good idea for the convention to elect a committee to explore the tallest timber of the county (where the good Democrats are evidently in hiding) and select suitable candidates for the slaughter this fall. This original idea did not exactly suit some of the old-fashioned Democracy, but after some miscellaneous debate the new idea carried and J. P. Devlin, J. D. Brooder, Guy L. Burt, T. F. Hungiville and Daniel W. Healy were elected as a committee to secure candidates for the various offices to be filled at the November election, and to recommend such selections for the approval of the county committee, which will meet at the call of the county chairman.

D. W. Healy of Bradford was unanimously elected county chairman for the ensuing year.

The resolutions, which were adopted after second reading, declared for Democratic principles and endorsed the State Democratic organization.

During the reading of these resolutions most of the hearers were perplexed by the reader shouting "abbreviated" between many of the sentences. Afterward it was learned that "abbreviated" was used to denote that the words were underscored at these places in the resolutions. This makes a new definition for abbreviated.

Travellers' Club Meeting.

The eighteenth regular meeting of the Travellers' Club, held on the 21st inst., afforded much pleasure and information. Important business questions were met and disposed of in a satisfactory manner. The literary parts were brief and to the point—excellence predominated.

Evolution of the following subjects were given: First, "Transportation," by Mrs. T. A. Morrison; second, "Postal Service," "Telephone and Telegraph," by Miss Frances Campbell; third, "Express and Freight," by Mrs. Sheridan Gorton. Next came the report of the Northwestern Federation of Pennsylvania Women. This was given in a pleasing and forceful manner by our delegate, Mrs. L. K. Hogarth, who showed us the social, intellectual and moral work of the organizations in this division. Invitations were given from our able president of state, Miss Kate C. MacKnight, whose presence delighted the large audience.

Mrs. T. A. Morrison next gave an excellent account of the Twentieth Century Club of Pittsburg of which organization it was this lady's pleasure to be an honored guest, on the 14th inst., at its tenth anniversary. This is a social, civic, literary and philanthropic organization which consists of four hundred forty-four active members. The club owns a house which was built recently at a cost of $50,000.

Excursion to Niagara Falls.

The P., S. & N. Railroad Company has made arrangements to run a low priced popular excursion to Buffalo and Niagara Falls on Sunday, May 29th. The special will leave Smethport at 8:48 in the morning. The round trip ticket is good for two days, allowing excursionists time to spend Monday, May 30th, Memorial Day, in Buffalo or at Niagara Falls. The price for the round trip is $2.25.

C. J. RENWICK, G. P. A.

Subscribe for the MINER.

Death of Dr. Raymond Young.

Universal sorrow was felt in our town when it became known, on last Monday, that Dr. Raymond Young had departed this life, at half past eleven o'clock that morning. Dr. Young was advised to go to Lake Placid, N. Y., last September on account of some appearance of lung trouble, and after a stay there through the winter and spring was pronounced well and was in good health, with increased strength and weight. Seventeen weeks ago he took a very bad cold in the severe weather then existing in Lake Placid, and began to lose rapidly all he had gained, being unable to have the fever checked which was fast consuming him away. He was brought home in a special car five weeks ago, but steadily declined, until last Monday, when he quietly passed away.

Dr. Frank Raymond Young, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Young, was born in this place March 8th, 1873. He was prepared for college by Rev. F. W. Shero, then principal of the Smethport high school. He entered Trinity College, Hartford, Conn., and was graduated in 1895. Selecting the medical profession for his future work he went to the medical college of the University of Pa., and was graduated in 1899. Coming to Smethport he remained a short time in the practice of his profession, but being ambitious, and eager for further progress, he went to New York where, after some special study, he became one of the staff of physicians at a hospital on Blackwell's Island. Here it is believed he contracted the seeds of the disease which ended his life so soon and its bright promises of usefullness and distinction. Dr. Young was an enthusiast in his profession, entering into it with great zeal and energy, and with a talent and devotion which would have brought him credit and success as it was evidently his true vocation.

Dr. Young was made a Master Mason in McKean Lodge, No. 388, on December 25, 1895, and on February 16, 1900, he was initiated into the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite bodies of the Valley of Condersport and thus became a 32d degree Mason. Last summer he was elected a Past Master of this lodge but was taken sick before he took the degree. He was also a member of one or two college and medical fraternities and was always an active, conscientious worker who will be greatly missed by his brothers.

He was a young man of fine character and fixed principles, which held him up to a high standard and a good life; one who will be sincerely mourned and sorrowfully missed among the many who have known him all through his life, and especially the circle of young friends who grew up with him in this place, and learned to esteem and honor him for his sterling worth, his decided character and his loyal and true heart. The sincere and fervent sympathy of all our townspeople goes out to the bereaved parents and sister, with many prayers for their comfort and blessing. The funeral services were held in St. Luke's church on Thursday morning, the Rev. J. Heber McCandless officiating, and after the impressive burial service of the Masonic fraternity at the grave his remains were laid at rest in Rose Hill cemetery.

Bottle Factory Tank Bursts.

The tank holding a large volume of molten glass in the Haines Flint Bottle Factory burst at about 4 o'clock Monday afternoon and a large amount of glass ran out on the floor of the blowing room. It was discovered as soon as the tank gave way and the large force of men managed to sufficiently cool the glass and stop the flow before it spread enough to set fire to the building without the aid of the fire department.

One of the blowers informed the writer that it was a lucky thing that the break occurred during working hours instead of at night, for it is only due to the fact that a large force of men were there that the factory was not burned to the ground.

The break made a shut down of the factory necessary but yesterday morning operations were resumed. The loss does not amount to a great deal aside from the shut down of two days.

Fell Twenty Feet.

Amandus Engstrom, a painter, had a miraculous escape from severe injury if not from being killed Monday morning. Mr. Engstrom, who was engaged in painting the residence of Hon. Henry Hamlin on West Main street, had climbed an eighteen-foot ladder and was in the act of stepping from the top rung of the ladder to the roof of the building, when in some manner he slipped and fell to the ground, striking on his head and shoulders.

He was picked up by his brothers, who were working with him, and upon an examination it was found that no bones were broken and that his injuries only consisted of a few slight bruises and a severe shaking up.

I have a large stock of trunks, suit cases and traveling bags at my usual low prices. Call and see them.

CHAS. LEMMLER.

Subscribe to the MINER.

FRANCE MAY TAKE A HAND.

Has Promised Russia Aid if China Helps Japan.

REPORTED BATTLE AT KIN CHOW

Japs Reported to be Defeated—Numerous Small Battles Reported—Agitation Among Chinese.

According to the French papers it is claimed that that government has promised support to the Russians in the event of China adopting an aggressive attitude towards the Russians in Manchuria.

Dispatches from the seat of war say that the Japs were badly defeated at Kin Chow, but like all other reports it lacks confirmation. Numerous other small engagements have also been reported in which the Japs suffered defeat.

A report from St. Petersburg dated May 23 says: It is reported that Foreign Minister Lamsdorff has received a message from the Russian consul at Chefoo saying that the Japanese have made a land attack on Port Arthur and that in doing so they lost 150,000 men killed or wounded. The Russian loss is placed at 3,000. The ultimate outcome of the fighting is not stated. This report was denied in the dispatches of the reports of the following day.

HARRIS, May 25.—Missionaries report a movement among the Chinese north of Shan Tung resembling the agitation which preceded the boxer uprising.

There are persistent reports of a bloody battle having taken place between the Japanese army advancing along the railroad from Pulantien and the Russians, near Kin Shon (Liao Tung Peninsula) resulting in the defeat of the Japanese with great loss.

Memorial Day Program.

PARADE.

The parade will form under the direction of the Marshall on Main street, right resting on Church, at 2 p. m.

ROUTE—Main street to Nelson, to Cemetery; return, Cemetery to Nelson, to Bank to Mechanic, to Main, to Court House.

EXERCISES.

CEMETERY—Exercises by the Post; Music, Smethport Glee Club; Strewing of Flowers.

COURT HOUSE—Prayer, Rev. P. S. Calvin; Music, Glee Club; Post Services; Music, Glee Club; Introduction—President of the Day; Oration—Rev. G. H. Patterson; Music, Glee Club; Benediction, Rev. J. H. McCandless.

OFFICERS.

President of the Day, Hon. J. W. Bonton
Orator, Rev. G. H. Patterson
Marshall, B. F. Wright
Chief of Staff, S. E. Bell

AIDES—C. A. Burdick, S. D. Weaver, F. D. Gallup, Dr. J. C. Brown, Dr. John Clark, Dr. Burg Chadwick, Dr. W. A. Ostrander, Dr. Robert Hamilton, Ralph Gleason, T. W. Camp, Harry Rubin, T. H. Morrison, A. L. Colegrove, H. H. Sisse, S. F. Redfield, O. J. Hamlin, R. E. Burdick, Guy McCoy, B. T. Garlick, C. C. Choate, L. K. Hogarth, H. H. Redfield, H. L. Backus, C. E. Mayo, W. H. Morrison.

COMMITTEES.

EXECUTIVE—H. M. Choate, E. R. Mayo, J. C. Cunningham.
MUSIC—Dr. H. L. McCoy.
BAND—T. H. Purtle.
FLOWERS—W. R. C. No. 28, D. M. Brasted.
CEMETERIES—S. G. Bush, M. O'Reilly, N. F. Ferris, J. Colegrove, Asa Champlin, Simon Martin, H. L. Burlingame.
FINANCE—Guy B. Mayo, R. E. Burdick, O. J. Hamlin, F. D. Gallup.
CARRIAGES—C. A. Burdick, E. W. Jones, E. T. Daly, F. J. Vickery.

Killed His Wife's Slayer.

An Italian named Saverio Pelligreno shot and killed the wife of Frank Paul, at Cardiff, Elk County, Saturday night. There had been a quarrel between the men and the wife of Paul had gone out to pick up her husband's hat, which he had left on the ground near the boarding house where Pelligreno was stopping. As the woman stopped to pick up the hat Pelligreno fired a charge of shot at her, which struck her in the head, instantly killing her. Paul, who had witnessed the deed from his own door nearby, took a revolver and a shotgun and started after the slayer, firing several shots from the revolver as the Italian was trying to escape, but without effect. Pelligreno barricaded himself in his room and Paul watched for him in the hallway. After quiet had prevailed for something like half an hour Pelligreno stuck his head through the door when Paul fired, killing him. Paul carried the dead body of his wife to his home, where the officers found him and his three small children weeping over the remains when they went to make the arrest of the survivor of the tragedy.

Looking Backward.

EDITOR MINER:—Mr. E. M. Payne left with me recently a Constitutional Convention Directory of 1838 from which I glean a few items which may prove of interest to some of your readers. A Constitutional Convention, called to revise, amend or create a Constitution for Pennsylvania assembled at Harrisburg on the 2d day of May, 1837. Hiram Payne represented the senatorial district made up of Jefferson, McKean, Potter, Tioga, Venango and Warren counties, having been chosen as an alternate, Orlo J. Hamlin being the regularly elected delegate. Owing to failing health Mr. Hamlin resigned, after serving a considerable portion of the time the convention was in session. Well does the writer remember the tribute paid to Mr. Hamlin in the Constitutional Convention of 1873 by ex-Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Geo. W. Woodward. Article Two, which fixes the number of Senators and Representatives of the Legislature, was under consideration. Judge Woodward was making an argument in favor of separate county representation for members of the House and he referred to a powerful speech made by a young man by the name of Hamlin, from McKean county, in the Convention of 1838, in favor of county representation. He said that the speech of Mr. Hamlin impressed him so favorably that from that time on he favored separate representation for counties although up to that time he had favored district representation, based upon population. The convention of 1838 rejected Mr. Hamlin's proposition but it was adopted by the convention of 1873.

In the list of delegates to the Constitutional Convention of 1838, the names of four of the distinguished members of the Convention of 1873 appear, namely: William Darlington of Chester county, William M. Meredith of Philadelphia, Samuel A. Purviance of Butler county and George W. Woodward of Luzerne county. The name of Robert G. White of Wellsboro also appears, who will be remembered as the President Judge of the Courts of McKean, Potter and Tioga counties some 40 year since.

In 1838 Joseph Ritner was Governor of the State and John Banister Gibson was Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Associate Justices were Molton C. Rogers, Charles Huston, John Kennedy and Thos. Sergeant. Nathaniel B. Eldred was President Judge of the 18th Judicial district, which embraced McKean county.

James Buchanan of Lancaster county and Samuel McKeen of Bradford county were the two U. S. Senators from Pennsylvania in 1838 and Arnold Plumer of Venango county represented the 25th district in the lower house of Congress. McKean county was in the 25th district.

The State Senatorial districts are not given in this directory but the 33rd district was represented by Alexander Irvin of Clearfield and the probabilities are that McKean County was in that district. The 32nd district was represented by Alexander Irvin, of Clearfield, and the probabilities are that McKean county was in that district. The 32nd district was represented by a Mr. Kelley of Indiana, the 31st by Joseph M. Sterret of Erie, and the 30th by John J. Pearson of Mercer.

Carlton B. Curtis represented Jefferson, McKean and Warren counties in the lower house of the Legislature. Subsequently he represented the district of which McKean was a part, several terms in Congress. He was a lawyer of a very decided ability and one of the ablest representatives this district ever had in Congress. He was originally a Democrat and was a Democratic member of Congress in 1854 when the Missouri Compromise measure and other anti-slavery Democrats in Congress from the northern states voted against that repeal. Afterwards Col. Curtis affiliated with the Republican party and was a Republican member of Congress later from this district.

Sincerely Yours,
L. ROGERS.

Kane, May 23, 1904.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining in the post office at Smethport for the week ending May 21, 1904:

Fred W. Gulaf, Mrs. E. E. Kemp, Miss Mary O. O'Brein, Miss Rice, C. J. Sackett, Gerome Taylor.

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised." All unclaimed letters are sent to the Dead Letter Office two weeks from date of advertising.

J. C. GALLUP,
Postmaster.

Buggies for Sale.

E. T. Daly, the liveryman, has one of the best displays of carriages, buggies and runabouts in his salesrooms ever shown in this section. The leader is the celebrated Waterloo variety, but he has other good makes for less money. Call and see his stock.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at Dr. Hamilton's residence for particulars.

Subscribe for the MINER.

UNCLE SAM'S WONDERS

All Executive Departments Send Treasures to the World's Fair.

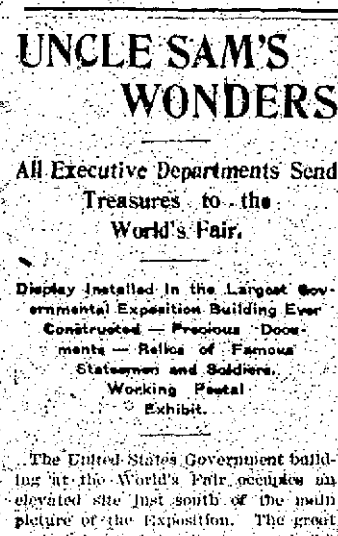
Display Installed in the Largest Governmental Exposition Building Ever Constructed — Precious Documents — Relics of Famous Statesmen and Soldiers. Working Postal Exhibit.

The United States Government building at the World's Fair occupies an elevated site just south of the main picture of the Exposition. The great central dome of the Government building is visible from the very center of the Fair, looking across the picturesque sunken garden that lies between the Palaces of Mines and Metallurgy and Liberal Arts.

The hill slope in front of the Government building is terraced with broad stairways almost completely covering the slope. The building is 800 feet long by 250 feet wide and is the largest structure ever provided by an exposition by the federal government. It is distinguished from all the other large buildings at the Exposition by the steel truss construction, the entire roof being supported by steel arches, forming a splendid domed ceiling.

In this building are installed the exhibits of all the executive departments of the government. The building is a vast storehouse of an endless variety of treasures dear to the heart of every true American. Precious documents are to be seen here, and the autographs of our great men of the past are on display. Relics of famous statesmen and soldiers, carefully preserved through generations, are exhibited. Each governmental department has installed an exhibit showing its official character and mode of operation.

Entering the Government building from the eastern end, the visitor sees at his left a railroad postoffice car. This is not a mere coach standing idle,



LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION'S WORLD'S FAIR.

but is engaged in the most important work. It is the car in the United States railway mail service that actively engaged in "throwing" the mails. Here you will see the postal clerks at work, just as they work while speeding along a railroad track.

A curious collection of old time relics from the postoffice museum at Washington illustrates as no verbal description can do the crude beginnings of the postal system. One of these relics is an old fashioned stage-coach that once carried United States mails through a portion of the Louisiana purchase territory. President Roosevelt, who once inspected it, examined with a rough rider's interest the bullet holes which stage robbers and mounted brigands shot through its stiff leathern curtains. Generals Sherman and Sheridan and President Garfield rode in this old coach during the strenuous days of frontier life. Among the collection of documents showing the primitive postal methods in vogue in the early days is to be seen the old book of accounts kept by the first postmaster general, Benjamin Franklin, in his own handwriting. There is a large collection of stamps, including those of the Philippine, Porto Rican and Cuban islands. The postoffice department's exhibit occupies 12,160 square feet.

Across the aisle at the right is the exhibit of the new Department of Commerce and Labor, occupying 1,000 square feet. This exhibit shows what the new executive department stands for and what it is accomplishing. Mr. Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor, had charge of the preparation of the exhibit. Charts arranged by him showing the rapid growth of the nation in agriculture, arts, manufactures, population, etc., are of special interest to sociologists and all students of the labor problem. The census bureau exhibit is made in this section. It shows the tabulating machines used in compiling the census reports. The lighthouse board also operating under this department shows the great revolving lenses in lighthouses, with other interesting appliances.

The space in the projecting northwest corner of the building is devoted to the Library of Congress. The edifice which houses this library at Washington is held by many architects to be the most beautiful building in the world. Its interior decorations, by Elmer Ellsworth Garnsey, furnish one of the chief delights of a visit to the national capital. A large model of this splendid building is a feature of the exhibit. The decorative features of the interior are reproduced in their original colors.

The next exhibit on the right hand side of the central aisle is that of the Interior Department, occupying 11,702 square feet. In this large space the visitor finds so many things of compelling interest that he is loath to leave. The Patent Office exhibit belongs to this section. There are models of many machines that have borne an important part in the development of the nation's industries. The earliest form of every device of human invention, so far as possible, is shown here. For instance, you may see the actual sewing machine that was the first contrivance of its kind ever constructed; it was invented in 1846 by Elias Howe. The first typewriter, patented by C. Thurber in 1842; the model of the first cast iron plow, patented by Charles Newbold in 1797; the first screw propeller, invented by Robert Hook in 1680; and many other "first" things are to be seen. The model of Abraham Lincoln's celebrated device for lifting steamboats off shoals is shown here. The first harvesting machine, made in the year 150 B. C., is one of the most ancient exhibits at the Exposition. There is also a model of the first steam engine, made in Egypt in the same year.

Every foot of the 900,000 feet of floor space in Uncle Sam's World's Fair building is occupied by exhibits of surpassing interest, and every phase of the people's welfare is shown.

CURIOUS THINGS FROM CHINA

The Most Magnificent Beds Ever Seen Are Part of the Celestial Empire's World's Fair Exhibit.

The Chinese exhibit at the World's Fair is filled with pleasing surprises. Some of the most magnificent articles of furniture are a part of this wonderful display. The carving and inlaying of ivory, bone and wood illustrate the marvelous skill of the Chinese.

Models included in this interesting exhibit show the homes and home life of the Chinese, their weddings and funerals, Chinese tea house, restaurant and shop, Chinese weaving and some of the beautiful silks and wearing apparel of the Chinese and their methods of manufacturing them.

One feature of the exhibit is two magnificent Chinese beds, each of which has the appearance of being a small house of great beauty. One is a summer bed, the other for winter. The summer bed is hand carved and inlaid with ivory and bone figures and landscapes exquisitely carved and so skillfully joined as to appear a part of the wood. The bed and furniture are of carved bamboo. The bed consists of an anteroom, with tables, chairs and tea stands, and in an inner room, which is the sleeping apartment, there is a couch with coverings of gauzy silks.

The winter bed is still more elaborate. It consists of three compartments. The first contains four chairs, a tea boy and a chest of drawers. This is the sitting apartment. The second is the dressing room, and the third is the sleeping apartment, or the couch itself. The furniture is of rosewood inlaid with ivory carving of birds, flowers and trees. The couch is covered with silks of the finest texture and in gaudy colors. The sleeping compartments are lighted with Chinese lanterns of silk hung at the outer entrance, while the light enters through gauze panels, hand painted and in forms of rosewood inlaid with ivory figures.

A table and dish made of highly polished fish, with exquisitely carved bamboo figures inlaid, are shown. The work is so artistically done that each article seems to have been made of one piece of wood.

There is also a large display of Chinese lanterns made of silk, gauze and other light materials and some made of beads artistically arranged with glass centers. The silk and gauze are beautifully hand painted.

There are models of some of the great Chinese temples, theaters and arches, showing elaborate carving in wood and ivory and two large elephant tusks exquisitely carved.

WHARFAGE FREE AT ST. LOUIS

Twenty Miles of River Front For Water Craft at World's Fair City.

Free wharfage will be given to all boats landing at St. Louis during the World's Fair. Traffic Manager Hillery of the Exposition and Joseph P. White, harbor and wharf commissioner of St. Louis, have decided on the locations assigned to the various kinds of boats.

Yachts, steam launches and all boats propelled by their own power have been assigned wharf space between Chouteau avenue and Biddle street. These streets, running east and west, form the boundary lines for the central business district of the city.

House boats have been assigned wharf space north of Biddle street and south of Chouteau avenue.

St. Louis has a river front of twenty miles. The Broadway line of the Transit company parallels the river from the city limits on the north to Jefferson Barracks on the south. At no point are the cars more than five blocks from the Mississippi river. The World's Fair may be reached for one fare by transferring to any of the eight lines that cross Broadway and reach the Exposition grounds.

No charge will be made for wharfage. Application for space should be made to the harbor and wharf commissioner at the City Hall, on Twelfth street, between Market street and Clark avenue.

Just Like a Man.

The Groom—Our anniversary! What anniversary, dearest? The Bride (sadly)—Have you forgotten so soon? We've been married a week today."

Recollection is the only paradise from which we cannot be turned out.—Richter.

BIG RETURNS ASSURED

For labor and time is what every business man is looking for. The successful farmer is the shrewdest man in the town. He knows by experience that to get good returns for labor he must plow well. His horses and men will be well preserved and the ground turned just right to fit it for his crops if he uses the "Easy Draft LeRoy Plow." Sold by A. T. Palmer, Smethport, Pa.

ALL THE STATES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Many Beautiful Pavilions and Pretentious Buildings Show Forth the Enterprise of American Commonwealths.

A beautiful city has grown up among the trees on the World's Fair grounds at St. Louis. It has nothing to do with the immense exhibit palaces, but is a thing apart. The houses in this new city are of various styles of architecture. Some are palatial in size and appearance, while others look merely cozy and inviting. Never before have so many notable and historic buildings been constructed in one group. This new city might be called the city of the States, for the houses included in it are the state buildings at the Fair.

The city is not compact, but somewhat straggling, as befits the picturesqueness of the view. Yet there is nothing suggestive of a Stringtown-on-the-Pike about this city, for the grounds surrounding each of the houses are beautified with gardens typical of the state represented.

All the states are to be represented at the World's Fair. This means a great deal, a shining triumph for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and furnishes another illustration of the fact that this Exposition's completeness is the marvel of the age.

Fifty-one states, territories and possessions of the United States have taken the steps necessary to participate in the World's Fair on an important scale. But two states were still outside the fold at the last report, and in each of these was a well defined movement in favor of being represented at the Fair with buildings and exhibits. New Hampshire, the old home state, and Delaware are the states referred to. In New Hampshire a fund for participation is being raised privately by patriotic citizens, so that in the event of legislative inaction this commonwealth may be represented.

The states and territories are expending over $7,000,000 in their efforts to show off to best advantage at the Exposition. This is a million and a third more than was expended at the Chicago exposition by the states. In addition to this, large cities in many states will have municipal exhibits, the funds for which are not included in these figures. The municipal exhibit idea is entirely novel. From a number of the states there will be prominent county exhibits provided by special appropriation of county funds.

The City of the States presents a picture of surpassing beauty. Nature has done much to aid in the creation of the picture. Never before has any exposition been able to grant such advantageous sites for state buildings. The buildings are situated on a plateau about seventy-five feet higher than the level ground to the north upon which stand the main exhibit palaces. There are hills and ravines here and there, enabling the landscapists to lay out a most delightful pattern of roads and terraces and lawns.

The smallest of the state buildings is that of Arizona, which stands near the southeastern entrance to the grounds. One of the largest is that of Missouri, from the dome of which it is said that perhaps the very finest view of the Exposition may be enjoyed. This building is a palace in the Italian renaissance architecture, built at a cost of $100,000. Near by is the reproduction of the cabildo at New Orleans, in which the Louisiana Purchase transfer ceremonies took place—Louisiana's state building. Ohio has a clubhouse of highly ornate design, in the architecture of the French renaissance. Illinois is prominent with a most pretentious structure, with wide verandas and a commanding cupola.

A description of each of the state buildings, with any detail, would more than fill a newspaper page. It is only possible here to hint at some of the interesting structures. California, for instance, has reproduced in exact size the famous old La Rabida Mission. Connecticut presents a replica of the Sigourney residence at Hartford, home of the poetess Lydia Huntley Sigourney in her time. This building is said to be the finest specimen of purely colonial architecture now standing. The New Kentucky Home, from the Blue Grass State, is a handsome clubhouse that would make some of the mansions along Fifth avenue, New York city, look insignificant. Beauvoir, the quaint old house which Jefferson Davis owned and occupied for many years, is reproduced by Mississippi. Its wide verandas or galleries give it a most inviting appearance. Washington's headquarters at Morristown, N. J., are reproduced by New Jersey. Virginia contributes Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson.

The state of Washington contributes a structure of unique design. It is called the Wigwam, five stories high, built of wood from Washington forests. The building is octagonal with gigantic Sequoia timbers rising from the ground and meeting in an apex ninety feet in the air, above which is built an observatory, from which a splendid view of the Exposition may be had. An elevator will carry visitors to the observatory.

New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Arkansas, Colorado, West Virginia, Indiana, Wisconsin, Texas and many other states are represented by buildings which cannot fail to arouse admiration. The Texas building is in the shape of a five pointed star, an appropriate idea for the Big Lone Star State. Iowa has a magnificent mansion, with classic porticoes and a central tower containing an observatory chamber. Kansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma each uphold the growing reputation of the southwest for enterprise and fertility of resources.

Physicians have long been looking for a harmless headache cure. It has been produced by an eminent chemist of the National Capital. It is known as BROMO-PERSIN. Besides curing every form of headache almost instantly, BROMO-PERSIN is equally and as promptly efficacious in chronic and acute indigestion and the nervous disorders incident thereto. It is effervescent and pleasant to take and may be had of all up-to-date druggists at ten cents a bottle. It comes as a boon to mankind and womankind.

Wanted All of It.

"A stranger," said an old frontiersman, "was traveling once in a very cheerless section of the great west. Having pulled up at night at a cheap and unpromising tavern, he seated himself at the supper table. The waiter informed him what the cook had in the way of eatables. Among the viands enumerated was wild duck. 'Was that 'ere bird shot on the wing?' inquired the stranger. 'Yes,' replied the waiter. 'While trying to fly out of this forsaken country?' The obliging waiter thought that might have been the case. 'Well,' concluded the stranger, 'I sympathize with that bird's misfortune but I admire his good judgment. Serve me all of him.'"

Irregularity in the Punishment.

There are two boys who manage to be rather unruly in school, and their teacher was so exasperated one day that she ordered them to remain after hours and write their names 1,000 times. She watched them plunge into the task. Some fifteen minutes later one of them grew uneasy and began to watch his companion in disgrace. Suddenly the first one burst out with a roar of despair and between his sobs said to the teacher:

"Faith, fair, miss, His name's Bush and mine's Schluttermeyer!"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The Uncertain World.

"This is the most uncertain world that ever I was in!" said the deacon.

"You think so?"

"I know it. Only the other day the parson sighted a hurricane fur off an' run fer a storm pit an' pulled the lid on an'—what do you reckon happened?"

"The Lord knows."

"Hurricane changed its mind—turned into a airthquake an' come mighty nigh swallered him whole!"—Atlanta Constitution.

FEELS THIRTY YEARS YOUNGER.

The New Medicine, Cal-cura Solvent, Warmly Praised by Mrs. Chaffee.

Writes for a Second Free Bottle.

When Dr. David Kennedy said he regarded Cal-cura Solvent, his new medicine for the Kidneys, Liver and Blood, as the crowning achievement of his life, he made no mistake, as hundreds who have used it testify. Here is one letter short and to the point, from Rutland, Vt.

"Dear Sirs:

I have never taken any medicine that did me so much good as Dr. Kennedy's latest medicine, Cal-cura Solvent. I can work hard all day and can do more work than I could even thirty years ago. I am 59 years of age and never felt better in my life."

Gratefully yours, MRS. A. F. CHAFFEE.

Remember, Cal-cura Solvent cures 98% of all cases of Kidney, Bladder and Liver disorders. You may have a free sample bottle of this wonderful medicine, and descriptive booklet, by simply sending your name and address to The Cal-cura Company, Kennedy Row, Rondout, N. Y. Large bottles $1.00 (only one size) all druggists, or if they do not have it, send to the above proprietors.

C. A. BURDICK

—DEALER IN—

Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments of all kinds, Wheeler & Wilson Domestic and other Sewing Machines.

Also representing old and reliable Fire, Life, Accident and Sickness Insurance Companies.

C. A. BURDICK

Main St. Smethport, Pa.

Hamlin Bank & Trust Co.

SMETHPORT, PENNA.

CAPITAL - - - - $200,000.00
SURPLUS - - - - $45 000.00

AUTHORIZED BY LAW

to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, Assignee, Receiver and in all fiduciary capacities, both under court and personal appointment.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE

under mortgage, Registrar and Transfer Agent of Stocks and Bonds or Corporations.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Business and Personal Accounts respectfully solicited.

OFFICERS.

HENRY HAMLIN, President.
ORLO J. HAMLIN, Vice-President.
RALPH E. BURDICK, Secy. & Treas.
GUY McCOY, Asst. Treas.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY HAMLIN,
ORLO J. HAMLIN,
RALPH E. BURDICK,
FRED D. ALLEN,
JOHN FORREST

UNDERTAKING

AND

EMBALMING

IN ALL BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY AN EXPERIENCED FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

SPECHT & SASSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

Housekeepers, Attention!

We have a generous offer to make to the ladies who wish to complete their housecleaning in a thoroughly effective and sanitary manner.

We have a splendid Formaldehyde Generator which we will lend to purchasers of one jar or more of Leninger's Solidified Formaldehyde.

It clears the air of all germs and makes your home atmosphere pure and sweet.

1 jar Formaldehyde, 75c.

Small household generator with 1 jar Formaldehyde given free, $1.00, or we will lend large generator.

Extremely simple, no trouble to use, perfectly harmless and efficient.

L. K. Hogarth,

Leading Druggist.

Opp. Court House, SMETHPORT.

Rooney's is the Place

to buy a nice, sweet piece of

Fresh Salt or Smoked

MEAT

whether it be a full quarter or a small steak. And for

Fruit and Vegetables

I am always headquarters.

J. F. ROONEY, Smethport, Pa.

Spring and Summer Styles

in Millinery are pretty and the best at reasonable prices are to be found at our store.

PATTERN HATS and DOMESTICS

In fact everything to please the ladies is shown. Give us a call.

Carrie Reilly Clark & Co's,

REILLY BLOCK, SMETHPORT.

$50,000.00

Cash Given Away to Users of

LION COFFEE

We are going to be more liberal than ever in 1904 to users of *Lion Coffee.* Not only will the Lion-Heads, cut from the packages, be good, as heretofore, for the valuable premiums we have always given our customers, but

In Addition to the Regular Free Premiums

the same Lion-Heads will entitle you to estimates in our *$50,000.00 Grand Prize Contests,* which will make some of our patrons rich men and women. You can send in as many estimates as desired. There will be

TWO GREAT CONTESTS

The first contest will be on the July 4th attendance at the *St. Louis World's Fair;* the second relates to *Total Vote For President* to be cast Nov. 8, 1904. *$20,000.00* will be distributed in each of these contests, making *$40,000.00* on the two, and, to make it still more interesting, in addition to this amount, we will give a

Grand First Prize of $5,000.00

to the one who is *nearest correct on both contests,* and thus your estimates have two opportunities of winning a big cash prize.

Five Lion-Heads cut from Lion Coffee Packages and a 2 cent stamp entitle you (in addition to the regular free premiums) to one vote in either contest.

Printed blanks to vote on found in every Lion Coffee Package. The 2 cent stamp covers the expense of our acknowledgment to you that your estimate is recorded.

WORLD'S FAIR CONTEST

What will be the total July 4th attendance at the St. Louis World's Fair? At Chicago July 4, 1893 the attendance was 2-3,273. For nearest correct estimates received in Woolson Spice Co.'s office, Toledo, Ohio, on or before June 30th, 1904, we will give first prize for the nearest correct estimate, second prize to the next nearest, etc., etc., as follows:

1	First Prize		$2,500.00
1	Second Prize		1,000.00
2	Prizes—$500.00	each	1,000.00
5	Prizes— 200.00	"	1,000.00
10	Prizes— 100.00	"	1,000.00
20	Prizes— 50.00	"	1,000.00
50	Prizes— 20.00	"	1,000.00
250	Prizes— 10.00	"	2,500.00
1800	Prizes— 5.00	"	9,000.00
2139	PRIZES,	TOTAL,	$20,000.00

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE CONTEST

What will be the total Popular Vote cast for President (votes for all candidates combined) at the election November 8, 1904? In 1900 election, 13,959,655 people voted for President. For nearest correct estimates received in Woolson Spice Co.'s, office, Toledo, O., on or before Nov. 5, 1904, we will give first prize for the nearest correct estimate, second prize to the next nearest, etc., etc., as follows:

1	First Prize		$2,500.00
1	Second Prize		1,000.00
2	Prizes—$500.00	each	1,000.00
5	Prizes— 200.00	"	1,000.00
10	Prizes— 100.00	"	1,000.00
20	Prizes— 50.00	"	1,000.00
50	Prizes— 20.00	"	1,000.00
250	Prizes— 10.00	"	2,500.00
1800	Prizes— 5.00	"	9,000.00
2139	PRIZES,	TOTAL,	$20,000.00

4279—PRIZES—4279

Distributed to the Public—aggregating $45,000.00—in addition to which we shall give $5,000 to Grocers' Clerks (see particulars in LION COFFEE cases) making a grand total of $50,000.00.

COMPLETE DETAILED PARTICULARS IN EVERY PACKAGE OF

LION COFFEE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., (CONTEST DEP'T.) TOLEDO, OHIO.

Armstrong's Reliable Jewelry Store

Is, as ever, headquarters for everything in the line of

Standard Jewelry.

If you wish to be ON TIME buy your

Watch or Clock

at this reliable establishment. Prices are right,

Stock is Complete,

Goods are the best, therefore your patronage is solicited.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa

HORSESHOEING.

Having opened a general blacksmith shop in what is known as the Mullin Building, at the corner of Water and Franklin Streets, I am now prepared to attend to the business in my line in a careful and workmanlike manner.

C. J. VANBLAD.

THE BIG STORE

I am now better prepared than ever to supply the wants of all needing anything in General Hardware. Have a new and complete stock of seasonable goods, such as Refrigerators, Shepard's Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors, Wheeler's Self-Fitting Adjustable Window Screens, Screen Cloth, Poultry Netting, Barb and Smooth Fence Wire, Staples and Nails, Dairy Supplies, Hunt's 1904 Cream Separators, Gas Ranges, Hot Plates and Ovens, Paints, Brushes, Oils and Varnishes, Crockery and Glassware, Spalding's Official Base Ball and Athletic Goods.

JOHN C. HAMLIN

The Start

In married life is generally made on an equal footing of health in man and wife. But how soon, in many cases, the wife loses the advantage and fades in face and fails in flesh, while her husband grows even more rugged and robust.

There is one chief cause for this wifely failure and that is, the failure of the womanly health. When there is irregularity or an unhealthy drain, inflammation, ulceration or female weakness, the general health is soon impaired.

$500 REWARD! FOR WOMEN

WHO CANNOT BE CURED.

Proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

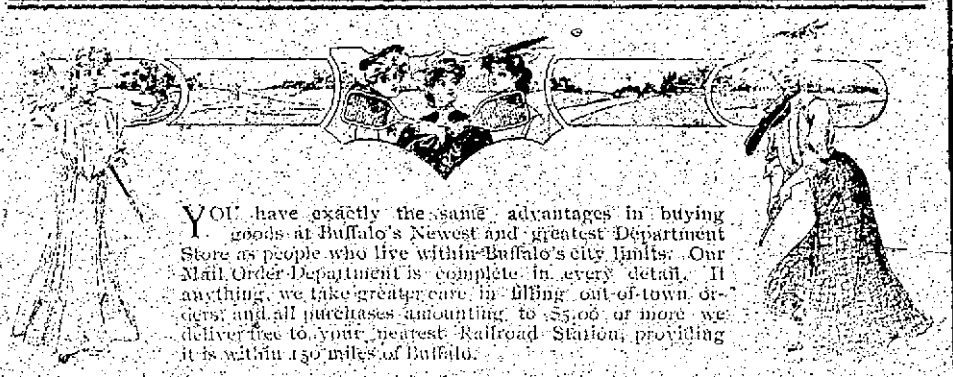
"A little over a year ago I write to you for advice," says Mrs. Elizabeth J. Fisher, of Diana, W. Va. "You advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, which I did, and with the most happy result. I was troubled with female weakness and bearing-down pains. Had a very bad pain nearly all the time in my left side, nervousness and headache. Was so weak I could hardly walk across my room. Could not do up only just a little while at a time. My husband got me some of Dr Pierce's medicine and Cleasan its use. Before I had taken two bottles I was able to walk to my work. I used three bottles in all and it cured me. Now I do all my house's work. It is the best medicine I ever used."

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The W. Hengerer Co.

Money-Saving May Sales

In the New Store for Out-of-Town Folks



YOU have exactly the same advantages in buying goods at Buffalo's Newest and greatest Department Store as people who live within Buffalo's city limits. Our Mail Order Department is complete in every detail. If anything, we take greater care in filling out-of-town orders, and all purchases amounting to $5.00 or more we deliver free to your nearest Railroad Station, providing it is within 150 miles of Buffalo.

Men's Summer Underwear

Famous Health Underwear, made of pure cotton fiber, per garment $3.25

Men's Light-weight Summer Wool Shirts and Drawers, medium weight, Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment $2.50

Men's Fine Fashioned Egyptian Shirts and Drawers $1.50

Men's Fine Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment $1.25

Men's Fine Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment $1.00

Men's Fine Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment $1.50

Men's Fine Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment 75c

Men's Fine Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, Scarlet & Webber's Brand, per garment 50c

Groceries

Fresh Roasted Rio Coffee, per pound 14c

Mocha and Java Coffee, per pound 25c

Clean White Rice, per pound 5c

3 cans of Red Alaska Salmon 25c

Oakwood Matches, containing 1,000, for 15c

The best Laundry Starch, per pound 5c

New York Buckwheat Flour, per pound 12c

Cream Cheese, per pound 8c

Pound Package of Choice Macaroni, for 9c

Pound can Seal Baking Powder 9c

Hengerer & Elder's Grandmother Flour, per pound 5c

Photographic Supplies

Eastman's Brownie Camera, takes pictures 2½ inches square $2.00

We carry the most complete line of Kodak Photo Supplies in Buffalo, and we sell them at the lowest prices. Mail orders filled promptly.

Hawkeye Camera, with Single Achromatic lens, for pictures 2½ inches square, capacity 12 exposures, with Time Set $3.95

Improved Double Achromatic Lens Camera, with Time Set, for pictures 3½ inches square, capacity 12 exposures $6.95

Split Bamboo Fishing Rods with nickel-steel reels 50c

Double Cut Shell Hooks, all sizes, per dozen 18c

Canvas Mitts, good size, made of split leather, worth 25c 25c

Fishers Mitts, of tan buckskin leather, with cuffs, lined with heavy wool, usual price, 75c, for 59c

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Men's Suits, Black and Blue Cheviots, Clays and Fancy Mixtures, all sizes, usual price $15.00, for $10.00

Men's $3.00 Hats $2.50

Men's $2.50 Hats $2.00

Men's Cheviot and Cassimere Pants $1.50

Boys' Long Pants Suits, black and fine Cheviots, Stripe and Fancy Mixtures, sizes 11 to 17 years, usual price $5.00 and $6.00, for $3.50

Young Men's Two-piece Long Pants Suits, sizes 14 to 20 years $15.00

Boys' Two-piece Suits, double or single breasted, sizes 3 to 10 years $2.48

Assortment of Boys' Wash Suits, sizes 2 to 10 years 50c

Boys' Knee Pants, sizes 3 to 14 years 29c

Home Furnishings

Curtain Scrim 25c

Fish Seine Twine 10c

Children's Wire Cots $1.95

Cotton Twine, 6, 9, 12 and 15 ounce per package 2c

The "Woolson" Quilt 8c

Mop Pails, Star Brand, 3 quart size, nickel and zinc 69c

Palette, complete, for Painters ..... —

Garden Hose, Lawn Sprayers, including the Philadelphia Lawn Sprayer, Combination $2.50

Assortment of Garden Trowels, each 3c

Milk Cans 10c

Square Tinned Milk Cans 12c

Tinned Milk Cans 17c

Long Handled Riveted Garden Hoes 17c

Rakes, with long handles and 14 teeth, each 17c

THE WM. HENGERER CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DR. F. H. WILLIAMS of Bradford, the Well-known Eye-Specialist

will be at the

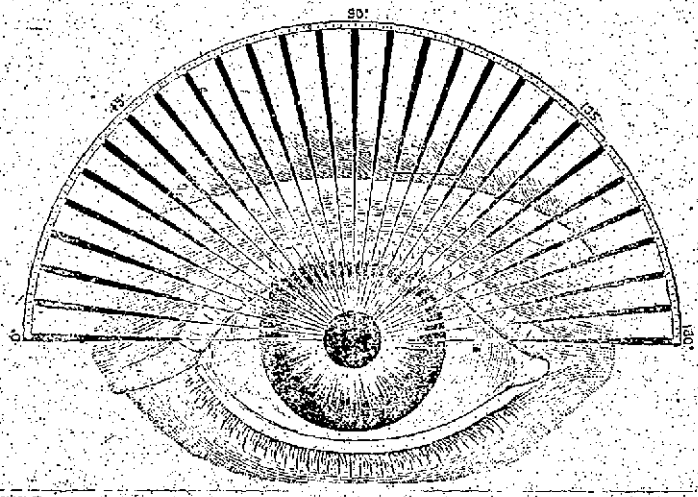
HOTEL IMPERIAL
SMETHPORT, PA.

on

Monday and Tuesday
May 30 and 31

to correct all difficult eyesight, strabismus, muscular defects. Headache and eyestrain relieved by the use of glasses.

Embrace the opportunity while he is here. Have your eyes attended to. If you are not satisfied with the glasses you are wearing, call and see him.



STOP! READ and REFLECT

And then go to

BROWNELL BROTHERS

Where you will find a carefully and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES
AND A GOOD LINE OF THE

FINEST GROCERIES

TO BE FOUND IN TOWN AT

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES

ACME MILL,

GREEN BROS., Props.

MY STOCK IS FRESH AND CONSISTS OF

Flour, Feed, Meal,
Wheat, Corn,
Oats, Hay,
Straw, Bran,
Middlings, Hominy,
Linseed Meal, Etc.

Goods Sold for Cash only and Delivered Promptly.

Water & Hill Sts. Smethport.

FURNITURE

You make no mistake in buying here. The stock is complete, and prices low.

CARPETS

An elegant assortment just received. Now is the time to secure best values. Remember our stock of wall paper contains all the latest patterns.

Main Street, Smethport. **Specht & Sasse.**

DENTISTRY.

Modern, scientific and up-to-date.

Painless extraction of teeth. Over 25 years' experience.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

DR. F. C. PIERCE,
Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Thursday, May 26, 1904.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

—The Lindholm Co. has a change of advertisement in this issue.

—Judge T. A. Morrison's residence is being greatly improved with paint.

—Holmes & Gilfillan are advertising Leonard cleanable refrigerators this week.

—J. A. Sloan, the Bradford furniture man, has a new and interesting advertisement in this issue.

—Postmaster R. J. Mott of Port Allegany died at his home in that place on Sunday of last week.

—The new advertisement of Ah. Wm. Henderer Co., Buffalo, is always interesting. It appears on the third page.

—Williams's Business College at Bradford will have an summer term beginning May 24th. Shorthand, commercial law, algebra, arithmetic, etc.

—Two large cylinders of glass were made in Elmira which will be exhibited at the St. Louis Exposition. One is 60x18 inches and the other 35x16 inches.

—Heath & Hall's Hardware is advertising summer goods at attractive prices this week in an enlarged space. Be sure to read it for your wants can be supplied at this store.

—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Victor D. Bouton on Friday, May 20, a boy. Judge Joseph W. Bouton is more proud over the event of becoming grandfather than any other achievement of his life.

—A centennial edition will be issued from the Potter Journal this week. This edition will be issued by the Coudersport Chautauqua S. H. C. and will also be a woman's edition.

—Company C of Bradford will attend the unveiling of the monument erected in Schenley Park, Pittsburg, to the memory of Col. A. C. Hawkins, of the 10th Penna. Regt., who died while en route from the Philippines.

—The glassworkers of this section will hold their annual picnic at Riverhurst Park Monday, Memorial Day. A fine program has been arranged, and all who attend may rest assured that they will get their money's worth.

—The eleventh annual meeting of the Associated Health Authorities and Sanitarians of Pennsylvania will be held at Gettysburg, Pa., today and tomorrow. At this meeting Dr. Burg Chadwick of this place will read a paper on Typhoid Fever and its Prevention.

—Read the new advertisement of Ball Brothers, Olean, on the fourth page.

—Everyone who can should attend the Memorial Day exercises in Smethport on Monday next.

—J. Colegrove invites his friends and patrons to his store on Saturday, May 28, to partake of the delicacies offered by the National Biscuit Co. See advertisement for further particulars.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Lemke gave a very pleasant birthday party for their granddaughter, Katherine Idelle, on Saturday, the occasion being her third birthday. Refreshments were served to a large party of little tots and Miss Katherine was the recipient of many beautiful presents.

—For the benefit of those desiring to attend the Annual Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic Department of Pennsylvania at Gettysburg, June 2nd, 3rd, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Gettysburg from all stations on its lines in the State of Pennsylvania, on June 1, 2 and 3, good to return until June 4, inclusive, at rate of one fare for the round trip. For specific rates apply to local ticket agents.

Our Way.

Tradesman—Again I call to remind you that your payments on your machine are ten days past due. Customer—Well, what do you do in such cases? Do you take it away? Tradesman—Well, you see the last time I was selling machines on payments that's just what I did have to take up. If I can locate the machine it was worth only half what it would be to you, you know, to get such a valuable machine. I reckon I'll call for it.—Baltimore American.

A Mechanical Answer.

Magistrate—Tell what did the prisoner say when you told him that you would have him arrested? Complainant—He answered mechanically, "you honor." Magistrate—Explain. Complainant—He hit me on the head with a hammer.

When a man's work compels him to get up at 4 o'clock in the morning, he is in no mood to appreciate the sunrise.

Getting a Library.

Student—How would you advise me to go about collecting a library? Professor—Well, I'll tell you how I managed it. When I was young I bought books and lent them. Now I borrow books and keep them.

When the flood came Noah had to live in the ark. There was no food or anything else. What did he live on? Water.

Matthew Arnold as School Inspector.

It is said that Matthew Arnold in the character of school inspector never assumed the stereotyped pedantic and coldly critical air usually associated with such an official. Mr. G. W. E. Russell says of him that he was "sympathetic without being condescending, and he reconciled the humblest drudge in a London school to his or her drudgery for the next twelve months."

See the tall figure, at once graceful and stately; the bright air, as of an affable archangel; the critical brow and inquiring eyeglass bent on some very immature performance in penmanship or needlework, and the frightened children and the anxious teacher, gradually lapsing into smiles and peace, as the great man tested the proficiency in some such trifling art as spelling. "Well, my little man, and how do you spell dog?" "Please, sir, d-o-g." "Capital! Very good, indeed! I couldn't do it better myself. And now let us go a little further and see if we can spell cat?" Chorus (excitedly)—C-a-t. "Now, this is really excellent!" To the teacher: "You have brought them on wonderfully in spelling since I was here last. You shall have a capital report. Good-by."

How Roots Penetrate Hard Ground.

The extreme tips of a delicate root are protected by a sheath set with minute scales, which, as it is worn away by friction against the soil, is as constantly replaced, so that it acts as a wedge and the root thread is carried down plumbline. Another aid to penetration is in the growth of wholly the root as it pushes forward in search of nourishment, exercises a slightly spiral screw-like motion, which works it up into the ground. Another interesting fact is the acid exuded from the root tips to dissolve, to some extent, the particles they split. This may be tested by placing a small piece of polished marble in a pot in which a plant is set and covering it with earth. After some weeks the marble will be found to have been corroded by the continuous action of this acid.

Tired Trees.

The condition of life in a tropical forest is peculiar, and to get to the top, where alone there is sunlight, is the end and aim of everything. They have no time to rest in the tropics, and they are so hard at work all the long day at high pressure that at night the trees can be distinctly seen to droop down to bring the tops nearer to the ground, so that they may, unseen, be supplied by dew and have a little rest at night. The tree is then visibly exhausted, its branches lose their stiffness, while the leaves droop and fold themselves together. Unlike those of temperate climates, the trees of the tropics all, more or less show these signs of exhaustion toward sunset.

The Magnetic Needle.

There are two places on the earth's surface where the magnetic needle must point the south. They are not easy places to reach. One is in the arctic region north of the northern magnetic pole, on the line between that pole and the geographical north pole. The other is in the antarctic regions, south of the southern magnetic pole, on the line between that spot and the geographical south pole. In the first case the point of the needle is attracted to the northern magnetic pole. In the second case the other end of the needle is attracted to the southern magnetic pole.

Curious Custom.

In Friesland, it seems, there is a custom that the news of a birth or death is announced verbally by a man who calls at every house in the village for that purpose. If he brings the news of a birth, he wears white gloves; if of a death, they are black. Some days back a child was born dead in a Frisian village. It was necessary that the usual announcement should be made, but in what colored gloves? The harbinger was a man of resource. He wears his gloves, wearing one white glove and one black one.

The Talent of Success.

Talent, says the editor of success, is nothing more than doing what you can do well and doing well whatever you decide to do. Perhaps that is the secret of success. Observation and patience is a wonderful combination. Moreover, there will be no misgivings in doing well an easy, lovely, unassuming sentiment.—Longfellow.

Preparing the Soil.

"I notice the young Widow Prettyman doesn't have her widow's weeds so much in evidence now."

"No. She's clearing those weeds away. I believe she sees signs of a second crop of orange blossoms."—Philadelphia Press.

A Lesson For George.

Betty—George intends to have his own way in everything when we are married. Grace—Why are you going to marry him, then? Betty—Just to relieve his mind of a false impression.

What He Wanted.

Irate Parent—Tell that young Softleigh that he must cease his visits here. I forbid him the house. Daughter—But, papa, he doesn't want the house. It's me that he's after.

At a Disadvantage.

"I never think of business out of business hours."

"I didn't either until I found that I was doing business with people who did."—Exchange.

Appropriate.

"Yes, she writes advertising rhymes for a sausage company."

"Ah, I see; doggerel."—Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.

"THAT ETERNAL ITCHING."

$5 for any case of Itching, Outward or Inward Piles, Old Sores, Scaley Head, Poison Oak, Eczema, or any Skin Disease that can't be cured with Dr. Zigg's Silver Leaf Ointment. Just try one box, by mail 50c.

DR. ZIGG MEDICAL CO., Bradford, Pa.

For sale by L. K. Hogarth and J. W. Voorhees

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS:—$1.25 per year, or if paid strictly in advance, $1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertisements published at the rate of $100 per column per annum, payable monthly. Our own position and no deviation from this rule. Extra charge for single insertion.

Reading notices, five cents per line for each insertion.

Legal advertisements, five cents per line for each insertion.

Cards, not exceeding one inch, $5.00 per annum.

Birth, marriage and death notices inserted free.

Executors' and administrators' notices, $3.00 each.

Address all communications to

HARRY L. BACKUS,
Editor and Prop'r.

Smethport, Thursday, May 26, 1904.

REPORTS are to the effect that Senator M. S. Quay is improving but he is still a very sick man.

EIGHT people are known to have lost their lives in floods following a terrible cloud-burst in Colorado and Wyoming last Friday.

A MOVEMENT has been started in Pittsburg to secure amendments to the Brooks' license act, so that the provisions of the law cannot be construed in so many different ways by the various judges throughout the state. It has also been suggested that the act be so changed that the authority to issue liquor licenses be transferred from the judiciary to excise commissioners, or an excise judge in each county. If this proposition takes definite shape it will prove to be one of the most interesting issues likely to come before the next session of the legislature.

ATTORNEY General Knox has taken preliminary steps against another of the great trusts. He has directed the United States district attorney for the middle district of Tennessee to hear evidence respecting restraint of trade by the tobacco trust, and to report to him whether or not the law is being violated.

ABOUT 11,000 men will be laid off by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the aim being to get down to the 1902 basis. Continual shrinkage in business and no expectation of early improvement are the reasons for this big reduction in the force just decided upon as unavoidable.

IT is sometimes interesting to see ourselves as others see us. A commission composed of English specialists has been a year in this country investigating our industrial and educational systems, and the commission's general conclusions have been made public. It is gratifying to know that "the differences in methods and machinery, and above all the conditions of the workingman in England and the workingman in the United States impressed the commission with the superiority of the methods of America over the methods of England." In short, the commission, as reported, finds the "American leading the world in forge, in shop, in quality of production, in inventive genius, in home conditions and in the surroundings of home."

Washington Letter.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1904.

The President is busy receiving the calls of politicians and arranging the details of the coming campaign. It is admitted on all sides that in selecting Mr. Cortelyou for Chairman of the National Republican Committee he has dexterously solved a perplexing problem. It is now assured that the campaign will be conducted on a high and straightforward basis. The President declares very emphatically that he is not taking sides in the Illinois or Wisconsin factional contest. He is keeping his hands off. He also expressed himself as quite hopeful of the result in Maryland, notwithstanding Mr. Gorman's plans to capture that State. On the 30th inst. the President will visit Gettysburg, breaking a speech on Memorial Day. He will ride over the field in the morning and in the evening return to Washington. As the speech is the only one of his until after election, the public is looking forward to it with uncommon interest. The British Ambassador, Sir Henry Durand, left today for Gettysburg, the guest of the acting Secretary of War, Oliver. He will inspect and study the famous battle field. He is deeply interested in the military features of the great Civil War. A welcome guest at the White House this week is Captain W. S. Cowles, the President's brother-in-law, of the unfortunate battleship Missouri. The vessel is now being repaired at Newport News. Among recent other visitors at the White House have been Elihu Root, Senator Lodge, Ex. Gov. Black of New York who is getting points for his speech at Chicago nominating the President, and Mr. Dover, Secretary of the Republican Committee, who is arranging the list of speakers for the campaign.

The capture by bandits in Tangier, Morocco, of Mr. Perdicaris, a wealthy citizen of the United States well known in this and other cities, has caused a great sensation and may lead to serious complications with the Government of Morocco, if Mr. Perdicaris is not speedily released. Already the President and the Navy Department have taken action and a fleet of American battleships is now on its way to the Mediterranean. The President is not the man to permit such an outrage to go unpunished, and vigorous action may be looked for. Some thirty years ago your correspondent had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of Mr. Perdicaris and his charming family, for he had married in Europe the widow of a wealthy Englishman, who was also the mother of two very beautiful blonde daughters, one of whom bore the Arab name of Nard Ajmayde. Mr. Perdicaris came to New York, and was soon the center of an admiring host of friends, for besides being a tall, graceful, polite, affable gentleman, he was an artist, a playwright, and devoted to literature. He brought from Europe a play he had written, also the scenery which he had painted, and he proposed to present both to the public. Private performances were given and the play was much admired, but for some whim or other the press and the regular managers gave it the cold shoulder. It was withdrawn, and later in the season the fair and graceful daughter, Miss Nard, eloped with a young actor named Decker, and the two speedily disappeared from society. Subsequently Mr. Perdicaris rented a beautiful villa in a suburb of Trenton, N. J., on the banks of the historic Delaware, not very far from the landing made by George Washington, when in the dark and cold, surrounded by ice floes, he crossed over and routed the Hessians. Here, surrounded by all that wealth and taste could procure, Mr. Perdicaris and his family resided until their return to Europe. He was very hospitable, had a house full of friends, and gave elegant dinner parties. Most of his time was spent between his studio and his library. He was immensely popular with all who knew him, and has maintained the same good will of the population of Tangier since his advent in that city. It is the irony of fate that a man kindly and philanthropic in all his dealings with his fellow men should, at the age of seventy years, be snatched from the midst of the surviving members of his family by a band of thieves and cut-throats.

There is a geological quarrel on hand; a battle of the stones, between sandstone and granite, and it is to be referred to the President. Secretary Shaw wants the United States public building at Cleveland, Ohio, built of sandstone, and some of the people of that city wish to have it constructed of granite. The President has been urged by Senator Dick and others, to over-rule Secretary Shaw's decision. Undoubtedly granite is the better stone for the climate of the lake side. As all the new public buildings of Cleveland are to be grouped around a spacious park they should harmonize in material, quality and color of the stone, as well as in architecture.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission in this city, has issued a formal order for an investigation regarding the differential freight rates between the West and the Atlantic sea board on produce intended for export. There is bitter complaint in New York city that that commercial city is not treated on the same footing with other cities, especially Baltimore. It is claimed by the railroads that the differential system was inaugurated to put a stop to rate wars—in other words competition. It is asserted that 20 years ago the railway companies lost $20,000,000 by rate wars which otherwise they might have made out of the shippers.

And now the Post Office inspectors themselves are to be inspected, and their methods brought to the light of publicity. The President has designated Asst. Atty. Gen. Robb to do this delicate job. It is surmised that, possibly the chief inspector and his men have made some mistakes. The President is anxious that no injustice shall be done to anyone; at the same time he purposes that no guilty man shall escape. Mr. Robb is not expected to unearth any scandals, but possibly he may discover that there has been an exercise of bad judgment.

Every once in a while the great inventor, Mr. Thomas Edison, who has procured more patents than any other inventor and whose great fortune has been made from patents, protests through the press that the Patent Office is unfair and corrupt, and that he will not take out any more patents. Nevertheless, he continues to file applications for patents and probably has as many as fifty applications for patent now pending. The present complaint is that the Examiner refuses to grant him something he does not think him entitled to. The Patent Office is as fair and clean as any of the under any government. The people are all men of education and specialists in their respective classes. There are more than one hundred of them in Uncle Sam's employ because of their peculiar aptitude in professorships in universities.

CLIMB TO FORTUNE

From ignorance to knowledge from obscurity to fame, from poverty to wealth—it's but a series of gradual, steady steps.

Take the first one to-day.

Enlist in the army of trained workers. We will teach you to so direct your efforts that the highest success will be not only surely but speedily attained.

We have fitted hundreds of students for paying positions—enabled them to double and treble their income in a few months' time.

We can do as much for you. This is the time to begin. Hours saved now mean dollars gained later.

We have Business, English, Shorthand, Typewriting and Telegraphy Courses.

Write to-day for catalogue and particulars.

Westbrook Commercial Academy,
Olean, N. Y.

During the Sale we will make and furnish lining paper for all Carpets above $.50 yd. Free.

OLEAN'S BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE ON CARPETS, RUGS, MATTING, LINOLEUMS, LACE CURTAINS AND FURNITURE.

Granite Carpets, guaranteed fast colors, $.35 grade, this week, $.25

Strictly all wool Ingrains, worth $.60, this week, $.49

Cotton Chain Ingrains, worth $.65, this week, $.45

The Celebrated English Woodstock Ingrains, the best Ingrain Carpet made, worth $1.00 yd., this week $.79

Best quality Pro Brussels Carpets, worth $.75, sold in some stores at $.90, this week, $.59 yd.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, worth $.75, this week, $.59 yd.

Fine Velvet Carpets, worth $1.10, this week, $.90 yd.

Axminster Carpets, worth $1.35, this week, $1.08 yd.

$45.00	Wilton	Rugs	9x12	$39.00
$40.00	"	"	"	$35.00
$20.00	Smyrna	"	"	$17.95
$13.00	Smyrna	"	"	$8.00
$3.50	Smyrna	"	30x60	$2.98
$2.50	Axminster	"	27x60	$1.98

The Best Inlaid Lineoleums in a Great Many Handsome Designs.

This week, $1.25.

SPACE will not permit us to quote the cut prices on Furniture, Mattings and Curtains, but the goods are here, and when you see them, you will understand the values, better than we can tell you.

BELL BROS.

The Leading Dry Goods, Carpet and Furniture House of Southwestern New York

Health the Butterfly

Take Claro and capture Health. The modern tonic-wine and tissue builder. Cod Liver Oil, combined with extract malt, wild cherry and hypophosphites.

Restores the Nerves.

At your Druggist

MAKES Rich Red Blood.

For Sale By H. C. WELLS, Druggist.

TO EVERYBODY

Whenever you visit Bradford it is our wish that you come and see us, whether you have cause or not.

Most homes have a man or a boy about and as long as we are in the men's and boys' outfitting business we claim the right to extend an invitation to you to call on us.

New things for spring are opening daily, and now that you know our wishes come

IKE SIMONS

46-48 Main St. BRADFORD. The Fig[illegible]nable Clothing Store

It is not Extravagance

If you come to us for your Summer Furniture. It is true that we have the best but it does not cost as much here as much here as the ordinary kind elsewhere.

Be cool and comfortable during the hot summer months. You can do it just as well as not; all it requires is some of our easy Porch Furniture.

"See Sloan First."

16 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA

GOING AWAY?

THIS KIND OF WEATHER BRINGS THE VACATION FEVER ON.

To enjoy your outing you must be rightly clothed Perhaps you need a new suit. If you do, see our

STRIPED FLANNELS AND SERGES

We have also some fine Rain and Top-Coats.

Again don't forget our Haberdashery.

We have just the things you will need. Soft Shirts 50c to $1.00. Better ones up to all silk up to $1.25. Underwear, splendid quality blue, tan or gray, 50c to $1.00 per garment.

Fancy half hose, exclusive patterns, 15c to 50c.

Night Shirts, 50c to $1.00.

We always have the newest neckwear—brown and champagne colors.

Terhune Union Made Shoes, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

H. W. RUBIN,

The Old Reliable Clothier, Furnisher and Merchant Tailor,

SMETHPORT, PA.

WE GIVE PURPLE STAMPS WE GIVE PURPLE STAMPS

WASH GOODS

WASH GOODS ARE PRICED RIGHT

I am offering fancy white goods in separate shirt waist patterns, 3½ yard lengths, for

$1.75

Have just received a new line of the well known Waldorf Shirt Waists and Shirt Waist Suits. Call and look them over.

Gaze
Bourettes
Embroidered Pineapple
Silk Ginghams
Wash Silks
Soiesettes
Dimities
White Goods
Etc.

D. C. YOUNG

SMETHPORT, PA.

May 10, 1904. Fresh line of Groceries always on hand

If it is a Nice Suit of Clothes

that you want now is the time and this is the place to get it.

This store never knows a dull season and I am always prepared to serve my customers with the best.

G. W. Shillenn,

The Leading Tailor

Chadwick Block. Smethport.

McCoy's Drug Store.

We carry a full line of
BUTTERICK PATTERNS
EASTMAN KODAKS and SUPPLIES
PARKER FOUNTAIN PEN
TUXEDO STATIONARY
and are headquarters for
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES,
BOOKS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

McCoy's Drug Store.

Brasted's ICE CREAM and Soda with Crushed Fruits.

Queen Quality Shoes

THE LINDHOLM CO.

Fackar Shoes

Dry Goods, Carpets, Men's Furnishings

Special Display of the Royal Shirt Waist and Shirt Waist Suits.

A big shipment of these waists just in. For Style and Quality they are unequalled. We price them from 50c to $4.50.

A Fine White Linen Waist, tucked	$2.50
Pongee Silk Waists in the most desirable style	$4.50
Fine Linen and Light Colored Shirt Waist Suits	$1.98

HABUTAI WASH SILK WAISTS.

ALL WHITE

We were very fortunate in buying a bargain line of these waists in about a dozen different styles. We are selling them at Bargain Prices, $2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.50, $5.00.

A Beautiful Line of Ladies' Pongee Silk Coats on Display in Cloak Department. No Two Alike.

SUMMER GOODS AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Refrigerators.

The Mascot refrigerators are the best. Ice lives longer and food keeps fresher in them. We have handled them a number of years and we know. Outside of oak, inside lining and shelves are of heavy galvanized iron. Easy to keep clean. With or without Porcelain Lined Water Cooler.

Small Family Size	$8.00
Medium " "	$10.00
Large " "	$12.00

Lawn Mowers.

We have a crack-a-jack called the Gail. A smooth cutting machine, geared both sides, good size wheels. These are the best low price lawn mowers we have ever seen. While they last we are selling the 14 inch for $2.65 and the 16 inch for $2.75. The old reliable Pennsylvania, the standard for 25 years we sell for $8.00. The best lawn mower oil put in convenient cans @ 15c.

Screen Doors.

Our best doors are made of 7/8 Yellow Pine, natural finish. We have all sizes—2-6x6-6 to 3x7 with spring hinges, knob catch and screws, $1.20. Cheaper screen doors if you want them, but it will pay you to get the best. Window screens, hardwood frames, will extend to 34 inches, each 20c. A heavier, better, larger window screen for 30c.

Garden Hose.

Our 5-ply, 625 lbs. pressure Hose is our leader this year. If a piece proves defective during the year we will replace it with new. You can only make a guarantee of this kind when you sell the best. And the price is not high considering the quality: ¾ inches at 11c and ½ inches at 10½c per foot. A cheaper grade if you want it.

REDFIELD'S HARDWARE.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Thursday, May 24 1901.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Picnics will soon be in order.

—Summer is here at last, maybe.

—Attend the vaudeville at the Lyceum tonight.

—Mrs. F. P. Birgall entertained a few young ladies at tea Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Florence McLaughlin.

—Sheridan Gorton is enlarging the porch on his King street residence and making other improvements on his cosy home.

—Thomas McFarland, a Bradford young man, was killed at East Sublimnica on Sunday by being run over by an engine.

—At the Baptist church next Sunday morning the pastor's subject will be, "Our Christian Dead." His evening subject will be, "Religious Indifference."

—The friends of Daniel P. Farnham, whose remains were found below Niagara Falls recently, are of the belief that he was murdered and they set forth some good reasons for their belief.

—We learn from a Pittsburg paper that Backus Automatic Pin Setters have been placed in one of the leading bowling alleys of that city and that they are considered very successful by Pittsburg bowlers.

—Bradford will celebrate the Fourth of July this year.

—Read the new advertisement of H. W. Rubin if you want to purchase the most fashionable clothing or furnishings.

—The Smethport ball team will do battle with the Port Allegany team at the latter place on Monday, Memorial Day.

—During the severe electrical storm last night the Camp Winslow Glass factory was struck by lightning, but no damage was done.

—The Smethport Junior base ball team was defeated last Sunday by the second nine of Mt. Alton at the latter place. Score 13 to 7.

—Mrs. Charles E. Mays returned home from the Kane hospital on Monday. She is much improved and her complete recovery is expected.

—John Bain, aged 45 years and a brother of Officer Mat Bain of Bradford, was killed by being crushed under the wheels of an engine at Erie on Monday, while in the act of saving the lives of two women. The ladies escaped uninjured.

—A cow owned by S. B. Smith of California Run recently gave birth to triplets, all heifers and as handsome calves as one will find in a day's travel. They are red marked with white and look almost exactly alike. They were small in size but are growing rapidly and are as frisky and playful as can be. They are now about three weeks old. Mr. Smith will raise the calves.—Bolivar Breeze.

—The class of nineteen hundred four, Children's Hospital, Washington, D. C., in memory of the late Charlotte Bard, recently sent flowers to be placed on her grave.

—Marcelle's capable company of vaudeville artists play a return engagement at the Lyceum tonight. The company gave excellent satisfaction here last week and deserves a packed house.

—"Illusion and Disillusion in Life," is the subject for next Sunday morning at the Methodist church. In the evening the popular Antiphonal service with changes in arrangement will be given.

—At St. Luke's on next Sunday (Trinity Sunday) the services will be at 8 and 10:30 and 7:30 p. m., with special Memorial service G. A. R. at 3 p. m. The evening service will begin at 8 o'clock in June.

—The new advertisement of Westbrook's Commercial Academy of Olean appears in this issue. This institution has an excellent reputation in this vicinity and those contemplating such a course will do well to investigate.

—Two houses in Austin belonging to Frank E. Baldwin were struck by lightning during a heavy storm Monday night. The houses were half a mile apart. One caught fire and was damaged considerably. The damage to the other was slight.

—An East Smethport correspondent complains of the drinking and quarreling at that place on Saturday nights. While we are always willing to do all in our power to abate such nuisances we cannot deviate from our rule and publish anonymous communications even in this good cause.

—The Chautauqua Circle met at the residence of Mrs. M. E. Richmond Monday evening and the annual election of officers was held. Mrs. Hattie A. Brownell was elected president; Miss Rena M. Gallup, vice president; Miss Ray Rubin, secretary; and Miss Mabel Day, treasurer.

—Kenneth Mayo, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Mayo of this place, has passed the mental examination for an appointment to the Annapolis Naval Academy and, if he is successful in passing the physical examination which will be held during the early part of June, he will receive the appointment.

—On Wednesday evening of last week ten members of the Masonic fraternity of this place paid a visit to the Bolivar, N. Y., lodge and witnessed the work. After the meeting a very nice spread was laid in honor of the visitors and everybody had a very pleasant time. Our members returned home Thursday noon highly pleased with their trip.

—The hotel men of Potter county are again happy. On Monday it was made known that the Supreme Court had reversed the decision of the Superior Court in the license cases brought before that court and now Potter county will again be wet after a short dry spell. License court will probably convene next week and licenses granted for the ensuing year.

—On Saturday an Italian, whose name we could not learn, drew about $100 from R. W. Hilton, supposedly for his brother, but on a close investigation by Mr. Hilton's bookkeeper it was discovered that this man had no right to draw the money as neither he or his brother had any such amount due them. Officer Jones apprehended the man and the money was refunded.

—For the accommodation of those desiring to attend the Prohibition State Convention, to be held at Uniontown, Pa., June 7 to 9, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Uniontown, June 6 and 7, good to return until June 10, inclusive, from all stations on its lines in the State of Pennsylvania at rate of single fare for the round trip (minimum rate, 25 cents).

—Fire was discovered in the grocery store of Henry Evans at East Smethport early Monday morning and an alarm given which brought a large delegation of neighbors to the scene. The fire had got a good start but before a call was made for the Smethport fire department a few patent fire extinguishers were tried with such successful results that the flames were soon under control. The entire stock was more or less damaged by fire and smoke and we understand the damage is about $200 on which there was some insurance.

The Only Way

to take comfort. Try a Palmer hammock. We have them in a variety of styles and prices. Holmes & Gilfillan.

Notice to Advertisers.

All advertisers should remember that changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than 1 p. m. on Tuesday in order to appear in the following issue of the MINER. We must strictly enforce this rule so it would be well to paste this where the "ad man" can see it.

Fishing for Suckers

If so you should have one of our Japanese bamboo poles. They are The Dandys. From 10c up.

Holmes & Gilfillan.

For Sale.

A new eight room house, all modern conveniences, fine location, five minutes walk from postoffice. Further particulars furnished at this office.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the 11th day of June A. D., 1901, by George W. Olmstead, Nathan P. Cutler and James A. Connelly, under the Act of Assembly entitled, "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Ludlow Real Estate Company," the character and object of which is purchasing, building, leasing and selling real estate, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

HINCKLEY, RICE & ALEXANDER, Solicitors.

Personal Mention.

J. F. Davis of Bradford was in town to-day.

Mrs. S. E. Bell visited in Bradford Monday.

W. A. Andorfer had business in Pittsburg this week.

Dr. Burg Chadwick is a visitor at Gettysburg this week.

George M. Morrison of Hazelhurst had business in town this week.

Mrs. Lawrence Hopper and Miss Mattie Backus visited Olean Tuesday.

S. E. Bell was in attendance at the consistory meeting at Coudersport this week.

J. F. Olmstead of Shelby, Ohio, was the guest of his wife and daughter in town this week.

Mrs. Carrie Brennan and two children of Jamestown, N. Y., are the guests of relatives in town.

C. H. Gleason and son, Neil H. Gleason, left Tuesday for a visit to St. Louis and Grandin, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. McKean and Mr. and Mrs. John N. Apple drove to Mt. Jewett yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Allen of Port Allegany visited their daughter, Mrs. Eber Dennison, this week.

Mrs. H. H. Redfield, Miss Janette Hamlin and Miss Helen McCoy were visitors in Olean Tuesday.

Miss May Choate returned from Binghamton, N. Y., last night accompanied by her sister, Miss Alberta.

Mrs. Chas. H. Moore and daughter, Miss Alith, of Clearfield, Pa., were guests of relatives in town over Sunday.

D. M. Sheehan, Herman Dumjohn, L. Hopper and Ed. Cheesman are in Pittsburg this week in attendance at the trial of Joseph Lamphere vs. P. S. & N. R. R.

Among the visitors from out of town who attended the funeral of Dr. Young are: Mr. J. P. Gray, Boston, Mass.; Dr. C. A. Monigan, Waterbury, Conn.; Mrs. Elizabeth Smiley, Bradford, Pa.; Mrs. Adams, Minneapolis; Minns, Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Young, Geneva, N. Y.; Jas. W. Wilson, Geneva, N. Y.

for First Class Job Printing Call on the Miner

THE AROMA OF A

370

CIGAR

Is like the Flower that blooms in the Spring.

For Sale at All First-Class Cigar Stands.

ONLY 5 CENTS.

First Come First Served

Our Clothing Stock must be reduced before Inventory time, because it is easier to take account of cash than garments. Hence we offer most goods at a reduction and all

Young Men's and Boy's Suits at Almost

HALF PRICE

$5.00 & $6.00 Suits at	$3.50
$7.50 & $8.00 Suits at	$5.00
$9.00 & $10.00 Suits at	$6.50

Your choice of black and blue serge clays and fancy worsteds.

Wm. Monheimer.

MONARCH SHIRTS $1.00 & $1.50 — BELL 'PHONE — BANNER PATTERNS 10c & 15c

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, MEN'S FURNISHINGS!

FRY & HERZOG

NEW SILKS

For Shirt Waist Suits

We want you to see the prettiest lot of silks in suit pattern lengths that we have ever had.

They are the latest designs possible to obtain anywhere and we are sure you will admit them modestly priced.

Only one pattern of a kind.

Per yard 75c.

Another lot of cheaper grade silks.

Per yard 50c

WASH PETTICOATS

A very attractive well made skirt in four colors—blue, pink, gray and red.

They are amply proportioned and neatly trimmed with ruffles, worth $1.25.

Special, each, $1.00

HABUTAI SILK WAISTS

We received this week a sample lot of these waists so much in favor now.

The styles are exceedingly dainty and the values exceptional.

Prices $2.50 to $5.00

FRY & HERZOG.

The Masterpiece Leonard Cleanable Refrigerators

Unequaled and the Most Popular.

A glance at the Leonard Cleanable Refrigerator will convince you that it is different from any other Refrigerator you ever saw. A few of its particularly strong points are that it keeps things cold and pure. It uses little ice. It can be taken apart to be cleaned. It is built with eight walls, has air tight doors, has sliding adjustable shelves, and the finish and beauty of outline are always a source of pleasure.

We have them in a variety of sizes. The book, "Cold Facts" is free for the asking.

HOLMES & GILFILLAN,

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.

Lumber and Hardware

Blacksmiths' and Wagon Makers' Supplies and Fishing Tackle.

Smethport, Pa. McKean County.

MAY SALE.

During this month I will cut prices on all lines of goods to reduce stock.

Now is the time to buy and save good money. Diamonds will be a specialty, prices guaranteed, have your money back if not satisfied. The line consists of all new up-to-date goods.

Diamonds	Watches	Cut Glass
Jewelry	Solid Silver	Bric-a-Brac
Clocks	Umbrellas	Hand Painted China
Bronzes	Novelties	Plated Ware

7 MAIN ST. **PRILL** BRADFORD, PA.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE YOUR NEW

NEW SPRING HAT

Everything in the latest and up-to-date Millinery is found here.

Our line of Skirts of all kinds are unexcelled in style and price.

It is now time to buy the Shirt Waist Wash Suit for Spring. We have them in a variety of styles and colors.

A special line of Infants' and Children's Dresses, Cloaks and Bonnets.

The latest in Gloves, Belts, Neckwear and Fancy Articles. Just step in and look them over. It will pay you.

MRS. A. E. HINMAN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Can always be found at our store.

Also a full line of

NOVELTIES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, ETC.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Left in our care will be promptly and carefully filled.

Wells Pharmacy.

The Tissue Paper Man

By WILLIAM H. OSBORNE

Copyright, 1904, by T. C. McClure

The maid knocked gently upon Miss Catherwood's door and handed in a card. Miss Catherwood looked at it and tossed it to the floor.

"Oh, the dickens!" she said frankly. It will be seen at once that, although Miss Catherwood was a young lady of beauty and charming personal characteristics, she had decided opinions about various things. One of the things was Mr. Anthony Wadsworth, who, as appeared, was waiting below for an audience with her.

"The dickens!" reiterated Miss Catherwood. "I suppose I shall have to see him." Miss Catherwood's mother happened to be within earshot.

"Who is it?" she inquired. She was informed. "Dear me," said Miss Catherwood's mother, "why, Mr. Anthony Wadsworth has always appeared to me to be a very proper young man."

"That's just the trouble, mother," returned Miss Catherwood. "He's too proper. He's too respectable. He's a tissue paper man."

"Dear me," answered her mother, "he doesn't look like a tissue paper man."

"Oh, I know," petulantly responded the young lady. "I know. He's just about the proper weight and proper height, and his shoulders are just the proper breadth. He's like a pattern in a fashion plate. He's just unbearable."

Miss Catherwood's mother, who could not quite reconcile her daughter's premises with her conclusion, sighed. Her daughter swept out of the room and went downstairs.

Mr. Anthony Wadsworth rose as she entered and bowed in a quaint, old fashioned way. He was disturbed and embarrassed, and there was good reason for it, for Mr. Anthony Wadsworth was there on a purpose, and his purpose intimately became apparent. He was there to propose to Miss Catherwood, and he proposed. He didn't do it very well, and Miss Catherwood, who had had a proposal or two before, as she listened to him made practical comparisons that were unfavorable to this particular suitor.

"Don't—don't give me your answer, now, to-night," implored Mr. Wadsworth, the perspiration standing out upon his brow. "Wait—wait until to-morrow night. Take time."

Miss Catherwood, who would have preferred to end it at once assented. She said with all the coldness she could summon to her aid that she would consider it; that she would wait until to-morrow night. And she had a reason for it. She had an engagement with Tommy Boggs for the next night, and she intended to write a short note for Mr. Wadsworth to receive when he came. That would be the end of Mr. Wadsworth.

Tommy Boggs, a boisterous young man whom she rather liked, was going to do for her what no one had ever done. He was going to take her down to a big political rally in the Fourteenth ward—down where she could see politics as it really is. She looked forward to it with pleasure. She liked to learn about the real things that real men did.

She started with Tommy about 7 o'clock in the evening in order to get a choice seat in the ladies' quarters. She left the fatal note with her mother, with instructions to hand it to Mr. Wadsworth. She told her mother what it was. Her mother, who was a very tender hearted old lady, met Mr. Wadsworth at the door—he came at 8 o'clock sharp—and Mr. Wadsworth was so downhearted when he found that Miss Catherwood was out that the old lady thought she would keep the note to herself.

"I'll call tomorrow evening," said Mr. Wadsworth, tremulously. "She probably forgot last night that she had this engagement for tonight, although—I'll call tomorrow night."

Down in the Fourteenth ward in Bailey's hall, Tommy Boggs and Miss Catherwood were having the time of their lives. The campaign was in full blast. Mother was right about Miss Catherwood's keen eyes on the speaker, and she listened to every word he said.

"Isn't he—isn't she excellent?" he exclaimed to Tommy. "It's just great to be a man like that, a man who can sway men."

There was a burst of applause from something more than one-third of the crowd as the man upon the platform paused in his speech at the proper place. He was a paid campaign orator, and he was good at that, but there was just a bit of dissatisfaction visible upon the faces of the crowd. A man near Miss Catherwood moved about uneasily.

"Aw, —," he said, "why don't they bring on the alderman? What the —the use o' this?"

Another man echoed him. "The alderman," he explained, "ain't a-goin' to be on hand tonight."

As he spoke a stout man entered from behind the scenes and stepped up toward the front of the stage. He was cheered loudly.

"That must be the alderman," whispered Miss Catherwood to Tommy Boggs. But he wasn't. He whispered for a moment to the speaker, and the speaker nodded and shook his head. The big man raised his hand.

"Ladies and gents," he said, "we'd fully expected to have the alderman with us here tonight, but I'm givin' it to you straight that"—

He was interrupted by a mighty yell. "Hi, hi, hi!" yelled the crowd. "What ye givin' us? Look behind you!"

The big man turned, and everybody looked and howled. "Hooray, hooray, hooray!" yelled the crowd. Miss Catherwood looked with the rest, and then she gave a little gasp, for the man that the whole crowd was looking and yelling at was a young man attired in a full dress suit. He was bowing, with conventional stiffness, right and left, and he was none other than Mr. Anthony Wadsworth.

"Tony, Tony, Tony, Tony!" yelled the crowd. The big man stepped forward. "Mr. Tony Wadsworth," he exclaimed by way of introduction, and pandemonium broke loose. Mr. Anthony Wadsworth stepped forward a pace or two. "Ain't he corkin'?" said the loquacious individual near Miss Catherwood, "and he always comes here in a swallowtail suit. He knows what's what, he does."

Wadsworth nodded, and the crowd became instantly silent. "I didn't intend to be here tonight," he explained. He hesitated. "The fact is," he went on, "I had an engagement with my girl, and she turned me down. I didn't have any other place to go, and I came here."

This, in black and white, amounts to nothing. But it was the way that Wadsworth said it that took. "Ha, ha, ha!" roared the crowd. "Imagine Tony's girl a-turnin' of him down. Go on, Tony!"

Mr. Anthony Wadsworth raised his hand high in the air and stopped it. Suddenly he stopped. He was looking directly into the eyes of Miss Catherwood herself. He inflated white and then turned red. Then he turned away and apparently forgot her. And then he started in. He started in as only Alderman Anthony Wadsworth knew how. Miss Catherwood had thought the campaign orator had talked as no other man could talk. That was because she had never heard Mr. Anthony Wadsworth. With one hand in his trousers' pocket and the other in the air the alderman walked up and down the stage, casting into the very faces of his audience humor, pathos, expletive, vituperation, sarcasm, congratulation—everything.

And when he finished the crowd surged up to the platform and literally overwhelmed him. Miss Catherwood, when it was all over, drew a sharp breath. "To think," she wailed to herself, "that I have refused such a man."

The next night Mr. Anthony Wadsworth called upon her. She met him at the door. She was radiant.

"I've come to ask your pardon," he said contritely.

"For what?" she inquired.

"For my conduct last night," he stammered, almost—almost as my girl did last night. I—I don't know why I said it. I felt reckless, I suppose."

She laughed joyously. "That," she said, "is the only part of your speech last night that I had forgotten. It was just superb."

He laughed. "Dear me," he answered, "that's nothing. Every fellow in politics has to do that. That's not the question," he went on. "There's something else."

"What?" she inquired thughly.

"I want to know," he continued, "whether—whether my—my girl is going to turn me down tonight? If so I've got a meeting in the Fifth district. The boys are waiting for me."

Miss Catherwood stepped toward him and held out her hand. "They can't have you," she answered gently. "Anthony Wadsworth, alderman."

Somewhat Surprising.

"John," remarked Mrs. Birkins coldly at the breakfast table, "you were saying some rather queer things in your sleep last night. You mentioned something about Kittie and a full house and a showdown and a few other things along that line. What were you talking about?"

Did Mr. Birkins tell his wife that Kittie was the name of the woman who cleaned out the office and that he was probably dreaming about a full house down at the show the other night? The funny papers would have you believe that he did. But he did not.

"I was probably dreaming of the poker game I sat in that night," he replied without batting an eye. "I lost $37.15 in that game, by the way, so I can't let you have that $10.00 for that new hat for a couple of weeks."

Did Mrs. Birkins storm and burst into tears and call him a brute and go right straight home to her mother? The comic writers say she probably would have gone home, but she didn't.

"You must be a lucky poker player, John," she said sweetly. "I don't believe you know a straight from a flush. I believe I could give you three kings and lose you to the limit myself. What did you think you were doing—digging post holes or playing pingpong?"—Smart Set.

Football For a Husband.

Until early in the nineteenth century it was a very ancient custom practiced at Inverness, Scotland, for the spinsters to meet the matrons in an annual game of football. All the available women took part, and the men surrounded the players and urged on their sisters, wives and sweethearts in their struggle, directing their efforts by word of mouth and encouraging the exhausted to struggle on and secure the prize.

The honors of these unusual contests, strange to say, rested more often with the married than the single, for the men selected their wives from those who showed most prowess and endurance on the football field. Hence all the better players were mated, and frequently more than a match for the less tough and skillful maidens, though the latter fought like the knights of old for the lady of their choice and to the death, a strange reversal of positions, which doubtless had its compensating advantages when domestic differences arose between a tyrannical husband and his former footballing consort.

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE

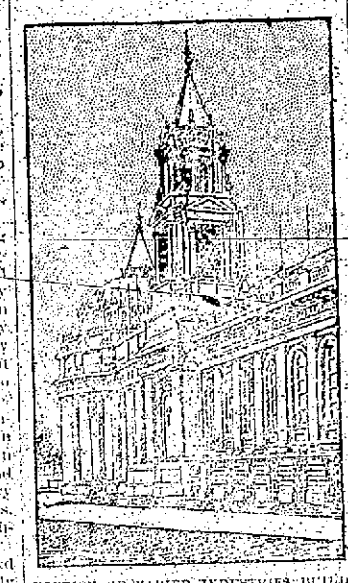
Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price, 25c and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists.

WORLD'S FAIR HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS.

St. Louis Hostelries Prepared to Handle Vast Throngs—Prices Not to Be Increased—Hotel Inside of the Exposition Grounds With a Capacity For 6,000 Guests.

Ample hotel accommodations have been provided for the World's Fair visitors at St. Louis both within and outside of the Exposition grounds.

The Exposition management has organized a free information service. A pamphlet has been issued for gratuitous circulation explaining many of the conveniences that have been provided. A list of all the hotels, with rates, is contained in this pamphlet. The entire city has been canvassed, and many thousands of private house-



PORTION OF VARIED INDUSTRIES BUILDING, WORLD'S FAIR.

holders have organized for extensive visitors. These houses are in every section of the city, and the rates at which guests will be received, is a matter of record in the books of the bureau.

The Inside Inn, a hotel on the Exposition grounds, has a capacity for 6,000 guests. The Exposition management has control of the rates which have been fixed at from $1.50 to $3.50 per day, European plan, including admission to the grounds. On the American plan the rates range from $3 to $5 per day. The hotel is 400 by 800 feet and is three stories high.

There are more than 150 established hotels in St. Louis, and a signed agreement has been made between many of their managers with the Exposition officials that rates shall not be raised during the Exposition period. Many new hotels have been built on sites adjacent to the Exposition grounds, and the published fixed rates warrant the assertion that no one need pay exorbitant rates for accommodations either at hotels or private houses.

Among the new hotels may be mentioned the Hotel Napoleon Bonaparte, which stands at Clayton avenue and Skinker road, overlooking the Exposition grounds. This hostelry will accommodate 5,000 persons. The rates, European plan, are from $1 to $3 per day. The Grand View hotel, south of the Exposition, on Oakland avenue, has a capacity for 5,000 guests, and the rates are $1 to $1.50 per day, European, and $2 to $2.50 per day on the American plan. The Kenilworth, on West Park boulevard and Bilton avenue, has a capacity of 1,500 guests, with a rate of $1.50 per day.

The above mentioned are a few of the new hotels that have been erected near the Exposition grounds for the accommodation of World's Fair visitors. All told there are about twoscore. All are within easy walking distance, and all are situated on high ground, with comprehensive views of the grounds. All of the structures are well built, and in some of them the most luxurious quarters are obtainable. The rates are established and will not be increased during the Exposition.

NEW MUSIC FOR WORLD'S FAIR

Three Compositions by Famous People. Band Tournament.

Musical people and all who appreciate good music may thank the World's Fair for three notable compositions written upon the invitation of the Exposition management. These are the "Hymn of the West," by the most distinguished living American poet, Edmund Clarence Stedman, the music for which was written by Professor John K. Paine, who is at the head of the music department of Harvard university; "Louisiana," a march by Frank Vanderstiken, leader of the Cincinnati Orchestra; a waltz, "Along the Plaza," by Henry K. Hadley of New York, who has won his laurels long before this as writer of operatic and other musical compositions. This music will be heard publicly for the first time upon the opening of the Exposition on Saturday, April 30, and frequently thereafter in the musical programmes of the greatest of world's fairs. These are the only official compositions.

Thirty thousand dollars will be given in prizes for the best bands at a tournament to be held during the Exposition. All through the World's Fair the musical feature will be prominent. The most famous bands of the world are under contract to participate during considerable periods. Among these are Le Garde Republicaine band of France, the Royal Grenadier band of England, the American National band, Sousa's band and others.

THE MINER and TRIBUNE FARMER one year for $1.25 IN ADVANCE.

THE MINER and Tri-Weekly Tribune one year for $1.75 IN ADVANCE.

THE LIFE OF THE WORLD.

Traditions That It Will Last but Six Thousand Years.

There is a general and widespread notion which the curious investigator will find scattered throughout both mediæval and modern literature, that the world will last 6,000 years from the date of its creation. An inscription in one of Martin Luther's books reads as follows: "Elijah the prophet said that the world had existed 2,000 years before the law was given (from Adam to Moses), would exist 2,000 years under the Mosaic law (from Moses to Christ) and 2,000 years under the Christian dispensation, and then it would be burned."

In the Etrurian account of the creation (by Suidas) I find a similar tradition: "The Creator spent 6,000 years in creation, and 6,000 more are allotted to the earth."

In the black letter edition of Foxe's "Acts and Monuments" there is a whole sermon given, with the 6,000 year limit of the earth's duration as a text. (See above work, edition of 1632.)

Some writers contend that the "six days" referred to in Holy Writ really mean 6,000 years, and that the "seventh day" is a type of the "millennium, or "Sabbath of a thousand years." The psalmist says: "For a thousand years are in thy sight as yesterday." (Psalm xc. 4. See also II Peter iii. 8.)—St. Louis Republic.

HUGE DUCK FARMS.

They Are to Be Seen on All the Waterways of China.

Enormous flocks of tame ducks, numbering many thousands, are to be seen on all the waterways of China. These are carefully herded by the duck farmers and his sons and conducted by them to suitable feeding grounds. A recent writer speaks of seeing them on the Yantsze in midstream, boating down in compact masses with the gurgling current and surrounded by their guardians in punts who, armed with long bamboos, smartly wrecked any birds that happened to stray.

These ducks always appear to be of the same age, a custom that is explained by the Chinese use of incubators on a large scale. They are very chary about revealing details, but it would appear that these incubators are either made of matting and line in the open air or in rooms heated by charcoal fires, the eggs in this case being placed in baskets covered with straw or cotton wool.

To illustrate the magnitude of these operations it may be mentioned that a boat on a river will sometimes convey for a floating mass of eggshells numbering tens of thousands and coming from an incubator where ducks have just been hatched.

A READY PREACHER.

Notable Instance of Presence of Mind in the Pulpit.

Frederick the Great, being informed of the death of one of his chaplains, a man of considerable learning and piety, determined to select a successor with the same qualifications and took the following method of ascertaining the merit of one of the numerous candidates for the appointment: He told the applicant that he would furnish him with a text the following Sunday, when he was to preach at the royal chapel. The morning came, and the chapel was crowded to excess.

The king arrived at the end of the prayers, and on the candidate ascending the pulpit he was presented with a sealed paper by one of his majesty's aids-de-camp. The preacher opened it and found nothing written. He did not, however, lose his presence of mind, but, turning the paper on both sides, he said:

"My brethren, here is nothing, and there is nothing. Out of nothing God created all things." And he proceeded to deliver a most eloquent discourse on the wonders of the creation.

The Story of a Crest.

There is a curious tradition concerning the almost miraculous preservation of the life of Richard, Earl of Kildare, which explains the origin of the crest used by the family (Geraldines). While an infant, on the recent ruin of the castle of Woodstock when an alarm of fire was raised. In the confusion that ensued the child was forgotten, and on the servants repairing to search for him the room in which he lay was found in ruins. Soon after a strange voice was heard to enter at the doors, and on looking up they saw an ape, which was usually kept chained, carefully holding the child in his arms. The earl afterward, in gratitude for his preservation, adopted a monkey for his crest.—London News.

Ages of Birds.

Small singing birds live from eight to eighteen years. Ravens have lived for almost a hundred years in captivity, and parrots longer than that. Fowls live ten to twenty years. The wild goose lives upward of a hundred years, and swans are said to have attained the age of 300. The long life of birds has been interpreted as compensation for the great mortality of their young.

A Fatal Omission.

"I can't, for the life of me make out what my wife is driving at in this letter."

"Of course you can't, old chap. Don't you see that she forgot to add the postscript?"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Graded Affection.

Housekeeper—Do you love children? Applicant—It all depends on the wages, mum.

Industry keeps the body healthy, the mind clear, the heart whole and the purse full.—Simmons.

INSURANCE.

Life, Fire and Accident written by

W. F. SPECHT

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies

Official Directory

STATE.

Governor—Samuel W. Pennypacker.
Lieutenant Governor—W. M. Brown.
State Treasurer—Frank G. Harris.
Auditor General—E. B. Bardenbergh.
Sec'y of Internal Affairs—J. B. Brown.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—Joseph W. Bouton, Smethport.
Member of Congress—S. R. Dresser, Bradford.
State Senator—Myron Matson, Bradford.
Members of Assembly—J. W. Campbell, Kane; J. M. McElroy, Bradford.
District Attorney—John P. Melvin, Bradford, Pa.
Sheriff—Charles E. Mayo, Morrisons.
Prothonotary—E. Bell, Smethport.
Recorder—H. M. Choate, Smethport.
Register—J. B. Eastman, Smethport.
Clerk of Courts—W. B. Morrison, Smethport.
County Treasurer—A. W. Boyd, Bradford.
Commissioners—Geo. Griffiths, Kane; J. A. Peterson, Bradford; W. F. Walsh, Smethport.
Court's Clerks—S. D. Weaver, Kane.
Jury Commissioners—S. M. Love and Leon Curtis.
Auditors—Oscar Engel, one year; Smethport; B. G. Bartle, Port Allegany; James Devlin, Bradford.
Coroner—R. H. Hall, M. D., Bradford.
County School Superintendent—J. E. Myers, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—Charles Mckenna.
Council—Alfred Hunters, president; Miss Treva Rayner, secretary; G. B. Mayo, treasurer; W. A. Ostrander, H. H. Beckman, S. B. Rooney.
Clerk—Johnson J. W. Von Scoy, N. D. Baker.
Justices—B. L. Rough, R. C. Gleason.
Constable—E. W. Jones.
High Constable—Andrew Ness.
School Directors—E. R. Mayo, president; Jno. N. Apple, treasurer; F. D. Gallup, secretary; W. C. Specht, E. W. Rugh, Oscar Engstrom.
Collector—R. G. Gleason.
Assessor—F. H. Freeman.
Auditors—L. C. Choate, A. B. Kibler.
Judge of Election—C. H. Taylor.
Inspectors of Elections—J. N. Swanson, C. B. Barnes.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 353, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. at Masonic Hall, Main street.
W. A. Ostrander, W. M.
W. F. Specht, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 380, meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Wigwam Initiary degree each meeting of each month; 1st degree, 2d second, and degree on third and 3rd degree on fourth meetings.
Wm. Fencheon, N. G.
W. G. Holder, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. 227, meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
S. J. Swanson, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. Choate, Scribe.

G. A. R.—McKean Post, No. 42, meets first and third Thursday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall.
Ed R. Mayo, Com.
H. L. Burlingame, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets every Thursday afternoon at I. O. O. F. Hall.
Mrs. Adell Grigsby, Pres't.
Mrs. Rose Bence, Secy.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 48, meets: Tuesday evening of each month in Keyes Hall.
Z. C. Gifford, M. W.
J. C. Gallup, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets every second and fourth Tuesday evenings at 7:30 in I. O. O. F. Hall.
W. H. Morrison, R. K.
H. C. Wells, Com.

I. O. T. M.—Brown Hive, No. 48, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, Thursday afternoons.
Mollie E. Pierce, Com.
Lizzie F. Holder, R. K. Mrs. Lee Fox.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 33, meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at W. C. T. U. Hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.
James Lynch, Pres't.
Thomas Clark, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Wednesday at 3 p. m. in the M. E. Church.
Mrs. Jane N. Forsythe, Pres.
Mrs. Mary E. Richardson, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 35, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.
C. M. Colegrove, Pres.
Mary A. Dennis, Sec'y.

Phoenix Chapter No. 15, O. E. S.—Meets first and third Thursdays in each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.
Miss May Choate, W. M.
Mrs. Rose Malcolm, Sec'y.

I. O. R. M.—Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall. Addition degree 1st Monday; Warrior's degree 2nd Monday; Chief's degree 3rd Monday.
A. A. Abbey, S.
L. K. Hogarth, C. of R.

Churches.

Methodist Episcopal—Gaylord H. Patterson Ph. D., pastor. Class Meeting, Sunday at 10 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 2 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. General prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Episcopal—J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

All Saint's Memorial Chapel—East Smethport—Rev. J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 2:45 p. m. Sunday School 3:30 p. m. The Ladies Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church—Rev. P. Cosgrove, Pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services each Sunday.

First Baptist Church—P. S. Calvin, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30. Ladies Aid Society meets each Friday afternoon in the church building. Women's Missionary Circle meets the first Tuesday evening in each month. The pastor preaches in the East Smethport Church each Sunday afternoon at 2:30. All are invited. Seats free.

Colegrove—Rev. W. E. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Clermont Church—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 3 p. m.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD

BUFFALO AND ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Time Table—Taking effect Nov. 27, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE SMETHPORT.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 9:12 a. m.
*Buffalo Mail, daily except Sunday, 2:34 p. m.

*Train leaving Smethport 2:34 p. m. connects at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont.

Train 122, week days..... 11:00 a. m.
Train 126, week days..... 7:12 p. m.

For Larabee, Port Allegany, Coudersport and points south:

Train 121, week days..... 9:12 a. m.
Train 123, week days..... 2:34 p. m.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:20 a. m.—Train 12, week days, for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:23 p. m., New York 9:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:00 p. m., Washington 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 p.m., New York 10:23 p. m., Baltimore 7:30 p. m., Washington 8:35 p. m. Vestibuled parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3:23 p. m.—Train 6, daily, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 7:25 a. m., Baltimore 2:20 a. m., Washington 3:30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. m.

10:25 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., week days (10:38 a. m. Sundays), Baltimore 7:15 a. m., Washington 8:30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:26 a. m.—Train 14, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., week days, 10 a. m. Sundays). Baltimore 8:15 a. m., Washington 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 a. m.—Train 9, daily, for Erie, Ridgway and weekdays Dubois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10:35 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and week days for Dubois and intermediate stations.

6:20 p. m.—Train 61, week days, for Kane and intermediate stations.

Weekdays.

CONNECTIONS	STATIONS	SOUTH
A. M. Lv.		Ar. P. M.
9:05	Ridgway	11 01
9:30	Johnsonburg	10 42
10:37	Glen Hazel	11 25
10 38	Straight	11 26
10 39	Instanter	11 35
10 39	Smith's Run	11 03
10 51	Woodvale	11 02
10 59	Clermont	11 00
A. M.		P. M.
A.M.	P.M.	Coudersport	P.M.
4.26	7.45	12.15	Ar.	Dp.	8.26	6.00	1.25
0	0	12.15	Hammond	0	0	0
4.05	7.38	12.09	Olmsted	8.33	6.05	1.31
3.59	7.33	12.05	Alma	8.37	6.10	1.37
3.43	0	11.59	Knowlton	0	6.17	0
3.40	7.25	11.55	Roulette	8.47	6.21	1.51
3.30	7.16	11.47	Byrtville	8.54	6.28	2.01
3.23	0	11.41	Coleman	0	6.34	0
3.20	0	0	Chem. Works	0	0	0
2.55	7.01	11.26	Ar. Allegany	9.18	6.50	2.35
P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	Dp.	Ar.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

o—Trains do not stop.

Connections at Ulysses with N. Y. C. & H. R. R.; at Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. Ry. and at Newfield Junction with B. & S. R. R.

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. M'CLURE, Supt.

THE NEW YORK WORLD

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

Almost a Daily at the Price of a Weekly.

The Presidential campaign is over but the world goes on just the same and it full of news, just as it is—promptly and impartially—all that you have to do is to look in the columns of the Thrice-a-Week Edition of the New York World which comes to the subscriber 156 times a year.

The Thrice-a-Week World's diligence as a publisher of first news has given it circulation where the English language is spoken—and you want it.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the MINER together one year for $1.65.

The regular subscription price of the World is one dollar.

Bradford, Bordell & Kinzua Railway.

Time Table in effect Nov. 17, 1902.

Trains leave Smethport as follows:

[illegible] except Sunday for Bradford, Derrick City, Kane, Ridgway, Brockway, Falls Creek, DuBois, Reynoldsville, Punxsutawney, Rochester Mills, Indiana, Blairsville Junction, Derry, Latrobe, Greensburg and Pittsburg, connecting at Bradford with Erie R. R. for all points East and West, and at Kane for Mt. Jewett, Kinzua, Corydon, Warren, Irvineton, Tidioute and Titusville.

[illegible] for Kane, Bradford and intermediate stations, connecting at Kane with Erie R. R. No. 2 for Warren, Irvineton, Tidioute, Titusville and Erie.

[illegible] for Ormsby, Lewis Run, Bradford and intermediate stations.

[illegible] for Kane and intermediate stations, connecting at Kane with Erie R. R. No. 1 for Warren, Irvineton, Tidioute, Titusville and Erie.

[illegible] for Ormsby, Lewis Run, Bradford and intermediate stations.

For additional information, time cards, etc., apply to Ticket Agents.

L. A. CAMPBELL,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
Bradford, Pa.

The Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern

Effective Feb. 28, 1904.

Trains leave Smethport as follows:

7:00 a. m.—For Mt. Jewett, Kane, Lewis Run, Bradford, Derrick City, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

9:00 a. m.—For Mt. Jewett, Kane, Lewis Run, Bradford, Derrick City, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

12:02 noon for Mt. Jewett, Kane, Lewis Run, Bradford, Derrick City, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

2:11 p. m. for Eldred (arr. 2:43 p. m.); Olean (arr. 3:35 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Buffalo (arr. 6:10 p. m.); Bolivar (arr. 3:55 p. m.); Friendship (arr. 4:40 p. m.); Angelica (arr. 5:00 p. m.); Portville (arr. 7:10 p. m.); Cuba (arr. 7:30 p. m.); Wellsville (arr. 7:50 p. m.); connecting with D., L. & W. for all points east.

5:00 p. m. for Larabee (arr. 5:42 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Port Allegany (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Coudersport (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Emporium (arr. 8:05 p. m.).

7:22 p. m. for St. Marys (arr. 9:00 p. m.); making close connection with P. R. R. train No. 4 for Harrisburg (arr. 4:15 a. m.); Philadelphia (arr. 7:17 a. m.); New York (arr. 9:55 a. m.).

Trains arrive: 2:00 a. m. from Mt. Jewett with connection from Kane 9:40 a. m. from St. Marys; 10:40 a. m. from Bradford, Wilcox, Island, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar and Olean; 2:11 p. m. from Mt. Jewett, with connection from B. R. & P. Ry. at 2:30 p. m. from Larabee; 7:22 p. m. from Olean and Eldred.

N. B.—All trains daily except Sunday.

D. F. MAHONEY, Gen. Supt. C. L. RENWICK, Gen. Pass. Agt. St. Marys, Pa.

OLEAN, BRADFORD & OLEAN RAILROAD.

Time Table in effect Nov. 27, 1904.

Trains leave Olean as follows:

7:00 a. m.—For Bradford, Kane, Lewis Run, Mt. Jewett, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

9:00 a. m.—For Bradford, Kane, Lewis Run, Mt. Jewett, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

12:02 noon for Mt. Jewett, Kane, Lewis Run, Bradford, Derrick City, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

2:11 p. m. for Eldred (arr. 2:43 p. m.); Olean (arr. 3:35 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Buffalo (arr. 6:10 p. m.); Bolivar (arr. 3:55 p. m.); Friendship (arr. 4:40 p. m.); Angelica (arr. 5:00 p. m.); Portville (arr. 7:10 p. m.); Cuba (arr. 7:30 p. m.); Wellsville (arr. 7:50 p. m.); connecting with D., L. & W. for all points east.

5:00 p. m. for Larabee (arr. 5:42 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Port Allegany (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Coudersport (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Emporium (arr. 8:05 p. m.).

7:22 p. m. for St. Marys (arr. 9:00 p. m.); making close connection with P. R. R. train No. 4 for Harrisburg (arr. 4:15 a. m.); Philadelphia (arr. 7:17 a. m.); New York (arr. 9:55 a. m.).

Trains arrive: 2:00 a. m. from Mt. Jewett with connection from Kane 9:40 a. m. from St. Marys; 10:40 a. m. from Bradford, Wilcox, Island, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar and Olean; 2:11 p. m. from Mt. Jewett, with connection from B. R. & P. Ry. at 2:30 p. m. from Larabee; 7:22 p. m. from Olean and Eldred.

N. B.—All trains daily except Sunday.

D. F. MAHONEY, Gen. Supt. C. L. RENWICK, Gen. Pass. Agt. St. Marys, Pa.

OLEAN, BRADFORD & OLEAN RAILROAD.

Time Table in effect Nov. 27, 1904.

Trains leave Olean as follows:

7:00 a. m.—For Bradford, Kane, Lewis Run, Mt. Jewett, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

9:00 a. m.—For Bradford, Kane, Lewis Run, Mt. Jewett, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

12:02 noon for Mt. Jewett, Kane, Lewis Run, Bradford, Derrick City, Ormsby, Gifford, Custer City, Duke Center, Port Allegany, Larabee, Coudersport, Oleona, Austin, Costello, Emporium, Renovo, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington.

2:11 p. m. for Eldred (arr. 2:43 p. m.); Olean (arr. 3:35 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Buffalo (arr. 6:10 p. m.); Bolivar (arr. 3:55 p. m.); Friendship (arr. 4:40 p. m.); Angelica (arr. 5:00 p. m.); Portville (arr. 7:10 p. m.); Cuba (arr. 7:30 p. m.); Wellsville (arr. 7:50 p. m.); connecting with D., L. & W. for all points east.

5:00 p. m. for Larabee (arr. 5:42 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Port Allegany (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Coudersport (arr. 6:48 p. m.); Emporium (arr. 8:05 p. m.).

7:22 p. m. for St. Marys (arr. 9:00 p. m.); making close connection with P. R. R. train No. 4 for Harrisburg (arr. 4:15 a. m.); Philadelphia (arr. 7:17 a. m.); New York (arr. 9:55 a. m.).

Trains arrive: 2:00 a. m. from Mt. Jewett with connection from Kane 9:40 a. m. from St. Marys; 10:40 a. m. from Bradford, Wilcox, Island, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar and Olean;

How Stumpy Learned to Subtract

....By ALEC BRUCE

Copyright, 1903, by T. C. McClure.

In Munkersville everybody agreed that Stumpy Dent was silly; not very much off, but off. Pa Dent himself did not deny it. Of course ma was an exception to the rule and vigorously denied everything and anything that touched on the softness of Stumpy. And toward pa, because of his sittin' on the fence attitude, she assumed a frigid front.

"Silence is jes' the same as consent, Dave Dent," she complained bitterly, eying her spouse with a strewish look. "Shame on ye, an' him your own flesh an' blood!"

But Dave paid no heed to these outbursts. As a matter of fact, pa was past speaking to Stumpy. He had fought the good fight and failed. In time perhaps he allowed, intelligence might penetrate to Stumpy's brain.

Good humored, fat and flabby, Stumpy had seen nine healthy summers. His eyes were blue and watery, his cheeks dimpled and red. Rain or shine he wore a battered hat two sizes too small for his abnormal crown, kept in place by an elastic so tight that it puckered and reddened his skin. His pants were drawn up three inches above his knees, and, though ma tried hard to prevent it, Stumpy's kneecaps were always exposed, for Stumpy had a weakness for curbstones and marbles, and rather than stand on his feet he hustled along on all fours.

In school work Stumpy was disappointing, two grades behind the times. Yet he could read, spell, add to the thousands and would attack millions if he dared. But, oh, subtraction, subtraction—not even a standing blackboard example could enlighten Stumpy's mind!

His long suffering teacher, like pa, was nearing the exasperation point, when suddenly a happy thought occurred to her. She had observed Stumpy on the curbstone playing marbles. Sure! He must have marbles in his pocket. He did have them, a bulging pocketful, jealously guarded, and after a struggle she successfully extracted three. But it was all she could do to get them, and for days her soft, white hand retained evidence of the getting.

"Stumpy Dent," she cried, with blazing eyes, "now tell what I have done."

"Cobbed mi marbles," wailed the outraged pupil, with streaming eyes and waggling toes.

"Hush, hush, sonny. I'm going to give them all back to you. I'm only trying to show you what subtraction is. Now, how many marbles had you when you came to school?"

"Twelve," shouted Stumpy.

"How many have you now?"

One by one Stumpy counted them and considered.

"How many?" repeated the teacher.

"Twelve when ye give 'em back t'me," calmly announced the hopeless one.

From pent up forms a roar of boyish laughter made sensitive Stumpy tearful and right as a clam, and away went hope like the Bunyan wake of a breeze.

Of course Pa Dent soon heard the story and looked sadly at his son. He himself had tried the practical illustrations at home, but the lad was unresponsive.

"Stumpy," he demanded, shaking the boy's fat hand a little roughly, "do you go to school?"

"Yis," was the glib reply.

"Then you must do better or I'll take you away."

Now, Stumpy spoke the truth. He really loved his teacher. School was his heaven, and in his clumsy way he had tried hard to catch subtraction. But it wasn't pa's threat that awakened Stumpy. To Darby Peck, the town's leading grocer, must be given the credit. Darby had a way with him, such a way that for every customer his rival, Bollinger, boasted, Darby could set up four, and Darby had just opened a branch near Stumpy's school.

"Now, the laddies' trade ain't much," he admitted, "but A'm a-caterin' their jest the same."

Here hitherto Bollinger had held full sway. But Bollinger was mean, hard as nails; he didn't give marbles away with every five cent purchase. But Darby did, so Darby corralled the school. Bollinger tried hard to get it back. At half price, as a lure, he advertised squenkin' balloons and sticks of candy, the chowchow kind. Who wanted squenkin' balloons and chowchow candy? And again Darby went him one better.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Five dollar bill to the boy or girl who guesses nearest the number of peas in this bottle.

His store was besieged. The school playgrounds were deserted. Troops of madly excited boys and girls flung frantic guesses at the delighted grocer. Ting-a-ling! Ting-a-ling! Calmly, across the way, the janitor swung his bell high above his head, then down to his weak old knees, and the brass gave out its timbre.

"No, no, no; every guess must be written, and I will take none till 3 o'clock this afternoon," cried Darby, dismissing the disappointed mob.

But one boy, regardless of the janitor's peremptory mandate, remained glued to Darby's window, mumbling to himself, his chubby fists clutched tightly at the crimson sill, as he dumped his toughened knees against the freshly painted panel. It was Stumpy Dent, and he was thinking—yes, he was reasoning. Where had he seen a bottle just like that one with the peas? Ma had one just the same down in the cellar. Sure!

Suddenly, when the white aproned assistant peeped out of the door, Stumpy melted. Hookey? Fine he knew what hookey meant, and ma mustn't see him get the bottle—mnw, nor the peas! And she didn't.

At 2 o'clock that same afternoon Pa Dent came unexpectedly upon his offspring. Pa seldom disturbed the stable loft till the evening, when he brought the horses in, and therefore had Stumpy chosen it as a fitting place for his operations. A newspaper spread lengthwise, the French prune bottle, a pyramid of peas, Stumpy carefully counting every pea he dropped into the bottle, and on the white margin of the newspaper a record of red chalk strokes—that was what pa saw when his head topped the open trap.

"Stumpy!" he cried sharply, "What are you doing? Why are you not at school?"

Taken in the act and breathless from the shock, Stumpy did not reply at once. Under such strong incriminating circumstances the grand impulse of the ordinary boy would have been instant confession and "take the consequences." Not so with Stumpy. A splendid evasion loomed up before him.

"Subtractin', pa," he gurgled, dabbing his finger on the last chalk mark so as not to forget his total.

"Ah, I see!" said pa.

Certainly the excuse was a feasible one. He had told the teacher to send Stumpy home if he became too dense. Left to himself, pa said, subtraction might come in a flash, but the jeering of his companions would make him worse. Sensible Miss Marlow had acted on his advice. Yes, that was it, and pa, quite satisfied, descended the ladder from the loft. When he disappeared Stumpy smiled and went on adding.

Came 3 o'clock, and Darby was again beleaguered. Every boy and girl in Munkersville had a guess to give in, and every slip had to be carefully examined. At last, amid breathless silence, Darby, beaming like a harvest moon, mounted a chair and in loud tones cried:

"Nine—two—two is the winning number, boys, and Stumpy Dent guesses nine—two—one! Stumpy gets the bill."

Wild was the scene in Darby's. Up and out went Stumpy on the shoulders of the fifth grade gang. And pa, driving home in his buggy, felt a lump in his throat when he heard the loud cheers for Stumpy.

"How did you do it, sonny?" he asked when the demonstration was over and the boy safe at home.

"Jes' this way," whispered Stumpy. "I fetched ma's prune bottle from the cellar. Darby's was jes' the same in size as' wi' the same wee red label on the neck. So I filled ma's bottle neat wi' peas, emptied 'em out on the newspaper an' counted 'em as I filled it up ag'in. That gave nine—two—one."

"Ha, ha, ha!" laughed jubilant pa. "Come, Stumpy, lad," he cried, counting out five shining silver dollars for the bill, "come an' we'll put your money in a bank!"

It was a miniature iron bank, a penny in the slot affair, and the silver rattled and rang as it dropped to the little vault below.

"Now, Stumpy," said pa proudly, "that's your first deposit, an' it draws interest at 5 per cent in one month."

Just which the month was my lad carried open the lid only three shining dollars remained, 5 per cent. Stumpy had learned to subtract.

Applicant In the Wrong Room.

During the excitement of a physical examination of candidates for places on the police force in city hall a mild mannered man wandered into the room and somehow got mixed up with the aspirants for places on the force. He was instructed to remove his clothes partly, and in a few minutes was hard at work with the other men in the room, raising dumbbells, inflating his chest and undergoing a general physical examination.

"Run around the room," he was commanded, and, on a trot, he made the circuit of the room a dozen times.

Almost out of breath, he stopped then and inquired:

"Look a-here, what else have I got to do to get my license?"

"What license?" inquired the surgeon, in surprise.

"Why, my marriage license. That's what I came in for," was the reply.

"Say," said the surgeon, "you're in the wrong room. I thought you went on to be a policeman. The license bureau is downstairs." Philadelphia Record.

A Frightful Accident.

A laborer was on his way to his work one morning as a through train was about to pass a little station where a crowd had assembled for the way train due in a few moments. A child who had strayed to the edge of the platform seemed about to lose her balance in her effort to get a good view of the oncoming engine.

Quick as a flash the workman jumped forward, rescued the child back to a place of safety and has himself grazed by the cylinder, which rolled him over on the platform pretty roughly.

Several people hastened to his assistance, but he rose uninjured, although with a face expressive of grave concern.

"Confound it! Just my luck!" he exclaimed, drawing a colored handkerchief, evidently containing luncheon, from his pocket and examining it ruefully.

"What is it?" inquired the onlookers.

"Why, the salt and pepper's all over the rhubarb pie, and the eggs well, I kept telling her something would happen if she didn't boil 'em harder!"

COWS TRAINED FOR THE TEST

Jerseys at the World's Fair Are Expected to Show That They Are Superior to All Other Breeds.

The herd of Jersey cows assembled at the World's Fair at St. Louis to represent the Jersey breed in the universal dairy test has been inspected and has been pronounced in perfect condition and ready to start upon their six months' grind on a day's notice.

W. R. Spann of the Burr Oak Jersey farm, Dallas, Tex., was the inspector, and he was thorough in his work. He passed a week on the Exposition grounds, and much of the time was spent in and around the Jersey cattle barn, and the condition of each individual of the herd of forty cows was definitely ascertained.

Never was more intelligent and careful treatment lavished on animals. No athlete was ever better trained for a contest requiring the development of speed, skill and endurance than has been this herd of Jerseys. When it is known that this herd is to compete with selected herds of Holsteins, Shorthorns, Brown Swiss and Devons, and the herd making the best score for the production of butter, milk and cheese is to establish the standing of the various breeds, the importance of the cows being in perfect condition may be understood.

For a solid year the Jerseys have been in constant training. Twenty-five cows will participate in the contest. Cows were selected from the best herds in the United States.

Dr. J. J. Richardson, president of the American Jersey Cattle Club, under whose auspices this entry is made, toured Europe and visited the famed Isle of Jersey, where the breed originated. He was seeking the best cows, but returned satisfied that Europe could show no cows that were better than those bred in America.

Though only twenty-five cows will participate in the test, forty cows were selected. They were assembled at Jerseyville, Ill., a year ago. This is near St. Louis, and the cattle have become acclimated. Last December they were removed to St. Louis. The cows are the property of individual members of the club and are loaned for the term of the test. C. T. Graves, a breeder at Maitland, Mo., was selected as the superintendent to have charge of the cattle, and he has been highly complimented by Dr. Richardson and Inspector Spann for the wonderful fine condition in which he has held the herd.

A series of model dairy barns have been built for the breeds competing in the test. The barns are octagonal in form, and are so arranged that the cows are in the center and a wide promenade permits visitors to pass around and view the cows as they stand in their stalls.

The milking and feeding are to be done in plain view of the public, and representatives of the various herds will at all times have access to all the barns to see that no sharp practices are indulged in.

The test not only consists in showing the amount of butter, milk and cheese produced, but the cost of production is taken into consideration. Every ounce of food given each cow is weighed and carefully registered. When the cows are milked, the milk is conveyed to a model creamery in the Agricultural building, where it is tested and made into butter and cheese and where all records are carefully kept.

The Jersey cattle participated in a similar test at Chicago during the Columbian Exposition and carried off first honors.

Superintendent Graves is sanguine over the result of the present test. He says that the Jerseys have always demonstrated their superiority over all other breeds when placed in competition, and this time they will show to better advantage than ever. Not only is the Jersey milk richer in butter fat than the milk of any other breed, says Mr. Graves, but it can be produced at a less cost. The Jersey cows are the smallest of the standard breeds, and he asserts that they consume less feed. They assimilate their food, and it is converted into milk and butter and is not used in building up and sustaining a large carcass.

"We are going to make all other breeds take to the woods after this test," said Mr. Graves. "A few days ago I was testing some of our Jersey milk, and my hands were all sticky and greasy from the enormous amount of butter fat the milk contained. Mr. Von Heyne, who is in charge of the Holsteins, sent over a quantity of his milk for me to test. Of course, from a commercial standpoint, there was no comparison between the milk, but it was a pleasure to test his milk, for when I got through there was no grease on my hands. After this I will have a bucket of Holstein milk around handy to wash my hands in after testing our own rich Jersey milk."

The test begins May 10 and continues 120 days.

Unique California Map.

A unique exhibit at the World's Fair was prepared by the agricultural department of the University of California. It is a large map, so colored as to show the character of the various soils of the state. It gives a clear idea of the situation and the extent of the arable and untillable sections. In the localities that cannot be cultivated are shown the Sierras, the lava beds and the desert. The map indicates the location of the cultivable portions of the mountains and Mohave plateau and shows the nature of the foothills and valleys of that wonderful state.

Gregory of Hampton

By ANNA S. RICHARDSON

Copyright, 1901, by T. C. McClure.

"Madge, didn't you spend half an hour in Mrs. Gifford's conservatory last evening?"

"Yes—her orchids are marvels," replied the girl quietly. She returned her father's keen scrutiny without flinching. Miss Marsden was a worthy daughter of the great political leader.

"Mr. Gregory was with you—and I happen to know that he is not interested in orchids."

"Gregory of Hampton!"

The words had become the scorn of the political headquarters over which Mr. Marsden presided. In truth Gregory of Hampton was a thorn in the wire puller's flesh. He was unapproachable, unbribable and, from Mr. Marsden's point of view, hopelessly unreasonable.

The apportionment bill was strictly framed by Marsden to give his party better control of the state legislative branches. It was not a vicious measure, but knowing that his hand was set upon it the younger element, who had begun to murmur against the iron rule of "the boss," had vigorously opposed the bill.

Its defeat meant the dethronement of Marsden and the assumption of party leadership by one of the younger men. Gregory had entered the fight under instructions from his district leaders—staid, back country farmers to whom new-fangled politics did not appeal. Self reliant and gifted with the faculty of fascinating others, he had unconsciously assumed the leadership of the opposition and was already spoken of as Marsden's probable successor.

All this was passing through Marsden's mind as he watched his daughter run through her morning's mail and wished she would speak. But clearly she was not in a communicative mood.

"I suppose you help receive at the governor's reception this afternoon. Well, go where you like, though I don't care for that daughter of his. Only remember one thing, there is to be no nonsense between you and this young Gregory. The apportionment bill gives us almost complete control, and it's got to go through. Gregory by his obstinacy encourages the opposition. I've started to put it through, and I'll do it if it takes my last dollar."

"I hardly think it is worth while for you to waste money on Mr. Gregory. He's not that sort."

Marsden had risen and now stood, pale and tense, before her father, whose face had turned livid.

"Don't tell me it has gone as far as that. Would you stand by this man in preference to your father? Think, child, think. You're all I have in the world since—since your mother's gone."

The lips of the political leader twitched. The girl, who was the living, breathing image of her mother, detected the one soft spot in his callous, scheming heart.

At mention of her mother's name Margaret turned swiftly and twined her arms around her father's neck.

"Father dear, you make it so hard. You don't know how I love him. Can't you see and realize that he has been so good to me always—and I owe him everything. You must make my answer for me. This afternoon, I understand, they take another vote on the bill which stands between me and happiness. Your vote will be my answer. If it is 'No,' do not see me again. It will be easier for us both, and surely you owe my love that much consideration. Faithfully yours, MARGARET MARSDEN."

The ladies' gallery of the assembly chamber was thronged with brilliantly gowned women. The fourth day of the deadlock had rumor fled gone forth that there were prospects of a break. Members on the floor bowed to one another in the gay array of butterflies. Gregory of Hampton sent but one long, searching glance in their direction, but in that look he caught a flash in the background a sombre, gray gowned figure. A chiffon veil hid her features, but under the drooping brim of her hat he caught the glint of bronze gold hair. For an instant the hard, set look died from his eyes, and a quiet smile rested on his lips. Then he glanced toward Marsden's desk. A group of men crowded upon the leader who seemed to be notified them. His face was grey white, his eyes steely blue. But Gregory of Hampton read behind the look of grim determination—to the years of interminable struggle, to the home life sacrificed, the wife love neglected, all for political power. And this same power lay within his own grasp if the apportionment bill failed. Leadership of men or life companionship and the love of a pure woman? The plaudits of the public or the caresses of a love for which he hungered as he had never hungered and longed and yearned for anything in all his busy, successful life? The house was called to order. Cold perspiration bathed his motionless figure. His arms were crossed on his breast. His eyes were fixed on the speaker.

Sudden silence fell upon the floor and the crowded galleries.

The clerk cleared his voice and nervously adjusted his glasses. Marsden sat with the tabulated vote of two days before in his hand. To Margaret it seemed as if the alphabet held a thousand letters. Would the "G's" never come.

"Finch!"

"No!" Faint applause.

"Garrity!"

"Aye!" Mingled hisses and cheers.

"Gorman!" Gregory's eyelids quivered just a trifle, and his glance shifted for an instant to the bent head with its glint of bronze gold.

"No!" Increased applause.

"Gregory!"

For one brief second Margaret's heart stopped beating.

"Aye!"

Every reporter at the tables above the speaker's head took a fresh grip on his pencil. There was a sensation. Consternation spread over the faces of the men who had been following Gregory's lead. The machine element cheered, and the speaker rapped for order.

Marsden folded his arms and glanced at the gallery, where Margaret had suddenly risen and was now making for the entrance. Just what part had she played in this little drama, he wondered. With Gregory on their side victory was assured. When he finally made his way through the crush after the vote was concluded neither his daughter nor Gregory was in sight. The former had entered her coupe, said the doorman, and another man told him that some one had seen Gregory swing into a hack, and the driver had started the horse up at a terrific pace.

But Gregory had not followed Margaret. It was dark before his ride ended, and he came back to town a trifle white in the face, but with eyes serenely happy.

Marsden came upon them in the library and extended his hand with awkward attempt at cordiality.

"I am glad you could finally see things our way," he commenced. The words died on his lips.

Margaret and Gregory turned toward him, and there was that in the latter's face which stilled the voice of the political leader. He gazed dumbly at this young man, born to lead, whom no amount of wire pulling, no offers of political preferment, no bribe, however alluring, could move and yet who for love of this slip of a girl had deliberately turned his back on a brilliant political career.

Would he have done as much at the same age for love of this girl's mother? He looked up suddenly, and his glance met the eyes of his wife gazing at him wistfully from a large oil painting. How often her eyes had met his in real life just that same way!

For the first time in years something like a prayer of thanksgiving welled up from the heart of the "boss." The apportionment bill turned miserably insignificant. Without a word he turned upon his heel, but at the door he looked back, and a smile of real happiness, not triumph, rested on his thin, bloodless lips. His daughter's head rested confidingly on the shoulder of Gregory of Hampton.

Rat Cunning.

The rat has often demonstrated his intelligence. Perhaps the best known instance is that of the rats which, robbing a poultry yard, could conceive of no better way of carrying off the eggs than by getting one of their number to lie on his back and clasp the eggs on his stomach. Then several rats pulled their recumbent brother's tail, while others pushed his shoulders. Thus egg after egg was safely hidden in their burrow.

A rat has been known to cross a swollen torrent in Scotland seated on a swan's back. Other rats have made friends with dogs and fed from the same platter. When the dogs were absent they would never feed, knowing that the presence of their canine friends meant safety.

Although when driven desperate with hunger they will devour one another, in times of plenty their affection is almost human.

A Sussex clergyman has told how he saw a number of rats migrating from one district to another, and in the middle of the company was an old blinded rat with a twig in his mouth, by which he was being safely led by a younger rodent.

Instances of rats leading blind comrades by the ears to feeding places and placing food close to their muzzles have been observed more than once. This is more than many human beings will do for their weaker brethren.—London Express.

Gluttonous Englishmen.

Bluffkins wandered in at the club the other night and drew his chair close to the fire.

"I wouldn't be an Englishman for anything," he ejaculated. "They have the most gluttonous appetites on record."

"You can't prove that, Bluffkins," said Mr. Algernon Hawkins, who lived on chops and swore by his majesty.

"I can," replied Bluffkins, with unruffled composure, "and here is the proof. I was riding home in an electric last night. Two Englishmen sat next to me. 'I 'ave just bought a stove,' said one. 'So 'ave I,' said the other. 'But mine is the best on earth. It cooks my breakfast in 'alf an hour,' said the first. 'Jove,' said the second, 'that isn't anything. I can 'eat my stove in five minutes.'"

And even Mr. Algernon Hawkins acknowledged that the Englishman did have a pretty solid appetite.

THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

It Was at First Known As the Cape of All the Storms.

An early navigator, Bartolomeu Diaz, commissioned by King John II. of Portugal to continue the work of African exploration down the west coast, sailed from Lisbon in August, 1486, with a small force and landed at several places, of which he took possession in the name of his master.

As he approached the southern extremity of the continent he was blown out to sea by a tremendous storm and doubled the Cape without knowing it. Land was not again made until the mouth of the Great Fish river was sighted, and the ships came to anchor in Algoa bay. A council held there decided to return home, and on the way back the Cape was discovered and christened by the commander. In remembrance of his first experience, Cabo Tormentoso, or Cabo des Todos les Tormientos; that is, Cape of All the Storms.

When the discovery was reported to the king he immediately saw the immense possibilities of a new road to the Indies and bestowed upon it the happier name of the Cape of Good Hope. By a singular corruption of its first title the Cape was long known to English seamen as the Cape of Torments, and the legend of the "Flying Dutchman" was localized there by a misunderstanding of the experiences of this Portuguese expedition.

SHOOTING STARS.

They Are Simply Falling Masses of Stony or Metallic Matter.

Falling stars are masses of stony or metallic matter which, moving freely through space, approach so near to the earth as to penetrate and traverse the upper regions of our atmosphere. Raised to white heat by friction with the air, owing to their immense velocity, which averages thirty-five miles a second, they become luminous and often leave a trail of light.

Several well defined groups or swarms of these bodies revolve around the sun in elliptic orbits, which are periodically encountered by the earth. Such are the Lyrids (April 19-22), the Leonids (Nov. 14-15) and Andromedids (Nov. 23-24), so called because they seem to radiate from a point within the constellations after which they are respectively named.

It is computed that no fewer than twenty millions of these bodies enter the earth's atmosphere daily, each one of which, under favorable conditions, would be distinctly visible. Occasionally they reach the earth in solid form, but showing signs of recent fusion of an outer layer. They vary in weight from some hundreds of pounds to a single grain. Their principal chemical constituents are iron, magnesium, silicon, oxygen, nickel and cobalt.

LOVE IN LAPLAND.

Things a Suitor Must Do Before He Wins His Bride.

When a lad is in love with a girl in Lapland they run a race—not a fair race, for he is so heavily handicapped that if she wishes the girl can get first to the goal, but if she cares for the young man who is trying to win she lets him overtake her, because if she outruns him he cannot propose again.

But even if he wins the race and the girl at the same time the young lovers cannot be married until they have the consent of the girl's parents. At one time if a man married a girl without this he was liable to receive capital punishment.

Besides an engagement ring, the young Laplander sends his future bride a girdle and a quantity of brandy. He goes as far as the door of her hut, but remains outside until invited to enter, when a bumper of brandy is offered to the girl's father. If he drinks it, it means that he gives his consent to the marriage, and the happy lover then pays the father a sum of money and promises to give the girl some clothes.

Coffee in Wartimes.

In the civil war there were numerous coffee substitutes. The principal was potatoes, which were cut into small cubes and parched. The beverage was declared to be potable. A Texas regiment used corn, parching the grains till they were a blackish brown. It was common to make coffee out of rice and other cereals, besides corn. Many of the southern troops made a drink of the tender roots of the sassafras by boiling them in water. Many a gallon of sassafras tea have I drunk, and the effect is gloriously stimulating. A pint of it will enable a fatigued person to labor on indefinitely. The taste is deliciously aromatic.—New York Press.

Passions and the Face.

All real and enduring beauty must come from within. Notice how many passions, evil emotions, worry, fear, hatred, envy, jealousy, malice, even though they be but momentary feelings, will distort and destroy for the time being the most perfectly fashioned face. If evil thoughts or deeds be persisted in, the transient effects will become lasting.—Success.

Silence and Speech.

The chief office of silence is to bury all that is evil, and the chief office of speech is to disclose and disseminate all that is good. Let this be done with sincerity and earnestness, and let no criticism discourage it, for its ultimate benefit to character and to conduct is established beyond a doubt.

As to Popularity.

"The man who wants to be popular must be a cheerful liar."

"I don't see why."

"Because no man can gain popularity by telling the people the truth about themselves."—Chicago Post.

Subscribe for
The MINER
and get all
the news

The Miner and Tribune Farmer
$1.25 per year in advance. Subscribe now.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
The question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O. A delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day.

City Shaving Parlors,
ELWOOD GASKIN, Prop.
Shaving and Hair Dressing
—In the latest style of Art.—
None but first-class workmen employed.
Shining Chair.

Decline of the Graceful Courtesy.

"There never was a time when people were more lacking in grace," said a dancing master. "A hostess nowadays," he added, "crowds her drawing room or ballroom with a large number of 'undesirables'—that is, people with no pretense to what is vulgarly called a stylish manner. The hostess is not to blame; circumstances compel her to invite these people. But at one time a hostess paid as much attention to her guests' accomplishments in deportment as to their character before inviting them to her house.

"At a private dance how seldom one sees a girl make a graceful courtesy to her partner! Usually she does no more than nod in a way that looks shockingly familiar. As for the men—well, a quarter of a century and one saw more masculine grace at a clerks' or shop assistants' cinderella than our best bred men are capable of today! But, after, the example of the girls, who can wonder at it?"—Chicago Tribune.

A Gladstone Anecdote.

The sarcastic cheer is very common, and I recall one fatal example of its use. Mr. Gladstone was once drawing very remarkable conclusions from some figures—an art in which he was an unapproached master. A member on the other side laughed out a "Hear, hear!" ironically. Gladstone stopped instantly and turned and looked with interest at the interrupter, who assuredly would at that moment have given a good deal to recall his words. Then he turned back to the speaker. "Sir," he said, "the honorable gentleman laughs." For a minute or two he quoted from memory a long string of figures proving the accuracy of what he had previously said. "The next time the honorable member laughs," he continued in honored tones, "I would advise him—I would venture to counsel him—to ornament his laugh—to decorate it—with an idea."—Henry Norman in Century.

Japanese Pronunciation.

A like a in father; e like e in men; I like i in pin; o like o in pony; u like oo in book; ai as in aisle; ei as in weigh; au and o as o in bone; uu as oo in moon. I in the middle of a word and n in the middle or at the end of a word are sometimes almost inaudible.

The consonants are all sounded, as in English; g, however, has only the hard sound, as in "give," although the nasal ng is often heard; ch and s are always soft, as in "check" and "sin," and z before u has the sound of dz. In the case of double consonants each one must be given its full sound.

There are as many syllables as vowels. There is practically no accent.

Be sure to avoid the flat sound of a, which is always pronounced ah.—"A Handbook of Modern Japan," by Ernest W. Clements.

Building a House.

In building a house every layer of brick is termed a "course." It is usual to place in the walls upright and horizontal damp proof courses. These ought to be composed of some substance that water cannot penetrate. In this way the walls are mapped out into squares, and the accidental damping of any one square cannot affect the others. Unfortunately, some builders study economy unduly, and their damp-proof courses act as effectively as a layer of wet sea sand. Those who intend having a house built should regard the genuineness of the measures adopted to prevent damp as of the very first importance.

Drawing the Disease Out.

The Chinese have a curious custom of trying to cure a sick man. A friend of the patient obtains a straight branch with a few leaves and twigs at the end. On this he hangs a mirror of polished steel, and under that one of the sick man's coats. Then he goes for a short walk; a priest in the meantime performing a ceremony. The coat being carried in this way, is supposed to draw the disease from the sufferer.

Wives of Russian Priests.

A White Russian priest must be married, but he cannot marry a second time. If his wife dies he must enter a monastery. Hence the Russians tell many stories of the extraordinary means to which the priests resort in guarding the health of their wives. If the priest's consort sneezes, a mild panic ensues in the household.—World's Work.

Conflicting Considerations.

"Don't you sometimes think you ought to give more heed to what posterity will think of you?"

"My dear sir," answered Senator Sorghum, "it's risky. You are in danger of letting it absorb your attention and forgetting what the assessor and the voters and the political bosses may think of you."—Washington Star.

What She Wore.

Travers—There goes Fwerby's wife. He's the fellow I played poker with the other night. Jagway—She looks pretty well dressed. Travers—She ought to be. She's got on my last week's salary.

The Difference.

One—Are you certain that you love the girl? Tuther—Certain? Why, I can't sleep nights for thinking about her. One—That's odd. I get the same effect from my tailor's bills.—Judge.

A Dead Circus.

Grandpa—Well, Sammy, where have you been today? Sammy (just back from the Natural History museum)—Oh, we've had a fine time, grandpa. We've been to a dead circus.

To be instructed in the arts softens the character and makes men gentle.—Ovid.

Punishment.

Naggus—What are you going to do with the hero and heroine of that magazine story you are running now? Marry them? Borus—Certainly. They will be married in the last chapter, Naggus—I'm glad of it. It will serve them right!—Chicago Tribune.

Explanation of a Sword Trick.

A trick in which a sword is apparently passed through a person's abdomen is explained as follows: The sword employed is a thin, flexible, dull blade. The prestidigitator, whose body the sword will simply pass around, but not pierce, carries concealed beneath his vest a sheath that consists of a hollow tube, semicircular in shape, the two extremities of which are bent in contrary directions in such a way that they are situated in the same straight line, the two orifices opening in front and behind at right angles with the abdomen. This tube runs around the further side of the man, who, appearing instinctively to grasp the point of the sword as if to protect himself, directs it into the metallic tube. The flexible sword makes its exit between the ribs of the cost. It is necessary to operate rapidly, so that the spectators shall not have time to see that the length of the sword has diminished, the curved line that follows not being the shortest passage from one point to another.

The Tale of the Telephone.

The first telephone that was ever used was not electrical, nor was it a scientific instrument in any sense of the term. About the middle of the nineteenth century the employees of a large factory in Sheffield, England, beguiled their leisure hours by kitefying. Kites large and small went up daily, and the strife was to see who could get the largest. The twine which held them was the thread spun and twisted by the ladies of the village.

One day to the tail of the largest kite was attached a kitten, sewed in a canvas bag, with a netting over the mouth to give it air. When the kite was at its greatest height—200 feet or more—the mewing could be distinctly heard by those holding the string. To the clearness of the atmosphere was attributed the hearing of the kitten's voice. This is the first account we remember of speaking along a line.

Difference Between "P!" and "Ple."

When type that has been set up is accidentally overturned or mixed, the jumble and its results are technically known as "pi." Some years ago Joel Chandler Harris, the author, was playing whist at Warm Springs, Ga., with three ladies. The latter had bothered "Uncle Remus" considerably by talking throughout the game and by asking him foolish questions. Finally one said: "Oh, Mr. Harris! Please tell me what is the real difference between 'p-f' and 'p-l-e.'"

Carefully adjusting his eyeglasses, Mr. Harris slowly replied: "The latter is the foundation of the wealth of New England and the basis of indigestion. The former is the raison d'etre of profanity and the sine qua non of dialect stories."—Success.

Russia's National Anthem.

The Russian national anthem is the only national hymn which was adopted as such in open competition. Until the time of the Emperor Nicholas I. the English "God Save the King" had served Russia, but Nicholas determined to institute a genuine and native Russian anthem. He announced a competition, open to all musicians, for an original national hymn. A musical committee reduced the thousands of entries to two, and between these, the works of Glinka and Lvoff, the czar himself decided. The highly martial character, with the drums and trumpets, of Lvoff's composition won the imperial verdict, and it was decreed as henceforth the Russian national anthem.

Queer Looking Worms.

New Zealand, Australia, the Samoan and the Solomon islands, as well as portions of the Hawaiian group, are the homes of various species of worms with thick, heavy bodies and with a well defined neck connecting the body with a head that is a startling reminder of that of the monkey. In the Sandwich Islands they are called me-ta-luki, which means "creeper with a child's head." An old New Zealand legend says that at one time they were of immense proportions and threatened the extinction of all human life on the islands.

Frauds in Furs.

A common hare skin can be made to represent a valuable dark brown fox, and to such perfection that only an expert may discover the difference. A common arctic fox skin, original cost only $2.50, transported to Leipsic is deftly turned into a first class dark brown fox worth $30 to $50. A marmot skin, after treatment, successfully represents a sable skin. A rabbit is made to imitate a fur seal skin.

His Memory.

"Has he much of a memory?"

"Oh, yes, indeed. Why, he can always remember that he has forgotten something that he ought to remember and can't, which is certainly much better than forgetting that you've forgotten something."—Chicago Post.

Explained.

Sniff—I see that an ancient poem, supposed to have been written by Homer, has just come to light. Shawe—Ah, he had sent it to some magazine that paid on publication, I suppose!

The Reason.

Scene: Margate beach. First Lady—Oh, here comes a steamer! How high she is out of the water! Second Lady—Yes, dear, but don't you see? It's because the tide's so low.—Punch.

The Waiter Knew.

Guest—Waiter, bring me a tip-top dinner. You know what that means, don't you? Waiter—Yes, sah. It's one that you top off with a tip.—Smart Set.

Law and equity are two things which God hath joined, but which man hath put asunder.—Colton.

Lake Baikal, the "holy sea," is, excepting Victoria Nyanza in Africa, the largest lake in the eastern hemisphere. It is 3,100 feet deep.

In Process.

Visitor—Has your little baby sister got any teeth? Tommy—Oh, yes, I think she's got 'em, but she ain't hatched 'em yet!

National Manners.

It is curious to watch on board a steamer how the men of different nationalities behave to a lady no longer young who is traveling alone. The Frenchman is absolutely rude if he gets the chance; the German simply takes no notice; the Austrian is frigidly polite; the Englishman takes trouble to be kind if his aid is solicited; the American is kind from habit and without effort.—London Standard.

Fathers and Sons.

Descanting on the changes in life and work brought about by time, a farmer said, "When I was young I used to think my father had no muckle sense, but my sons look on mysel' as a born sedlot!"—"Reminiscences," by Sir Archibald Geikie.

Their Views of It.

He—Did you see the pleased expression on her face when I told her she didn't look any older than her daughter? She—No; I was looking at the expression on her daughter's face.—Detroit Free Press.

You are Invited

TO ATTEND THE

DEMONSTRATION

WHICH WILL BE GIVEN AT OUR STORE

Saturday, May 28th,

FROM 10 A. M. UNTIL 9 P. M.

Representatives of the National Biscuit Co. will be present to serve you with their

"Good Things to Eat,"

Such as Crackers, Cookies, Wafers, etc., and will be much pleased to have you come.

J. COLEGROVE,

SMETHORT, PA.

Next to Bank.

SPRING SHOES.

Spring is surely coming—don't be discouraged.

You will find new

FOOTWEAR

and we have the most complete line ever brought to Smethport for Women, Men and Children.

All Styles. All Sizes.

Anderson & Carlson,

Smethport, Pa.

Repairing a Specialty.

E. W. JONES,

(Successor to F. H. Nourse.)

LIVERY & FEED STABLE

Bennett House Barn

First Class Rigs at Reasonable Prices.

Directly Opposite Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

C.A.SNOW & CO.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office WASHINGTON D. C.

Blankets and Robes.

The season for Blankets and Robes is here and at the store you can always find

Just What You Want.

All line of Trunks, Telescopes, Suit Cases, Traveling Bags, etc., at popular prices.—Harness—All the latest styles in single or double, light and heavy harness.

Chas. Lemmler,
Smethport, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1904,

at 1 p. m., the following several pieces of property:

1.

Defendants' interest in all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Turtle Island, McKean County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post the southeast corner of land of Peter McNally; thence west eight (8) perches to a post corner in east line of land of James Taylor; thence south seventy (7) perches to a post corner; thence east eight perches to a post corner in west line of land of W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Co.; thence north seven (7) perches to the place of beginning.

Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house with one story wing attached, one frame barn and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of the William H. Fuller and Julia M. Fuller, at the suit of Edward H. Riggs and Otto Kelsey, ancillary receivers of the Republic Savings and Loan Association of New York.

S. W. Smith, Plaintiff's Attorney.

2.

Defendant's interest in all of that piece of land situate in the borough of Port Allegany, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at an iron pin in the north line of Chestnut street, being the south-east corner of lot No. 61 deeded to A. C. Holden by S. W. and W. E. Smith; thence along said Holden's east line north 30 degrees west eight perches to a corner; thence north 60 degrees east four and one-half perches to a corner; thence south 30 degrees east eight perches to the north line of Chestnut street; thence along north line of Chestnut street, south sixty degrees west, four and one-half perches to the place of beginning. Containing 36 square perches of land.

Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Oliver R. Mehaffey and Rachel R. Mehaffey, at the suit of Edward H. Riggs and Otto Kelsey, ancillary receivers of the Republic Savings and Loan Association of New York.

S. W. Smith, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

3.

Defendant's interest in said building in a factory building of two stories of wooden construction, sided with corrugated iron with a gravel roof which is covered with a composition of tar, buildings having a frontage of about thirty-six feet and a depth of about one hundred nine feet.

The first story being eleven feet 8 inches and the second story eight feet 8 inches, situated on a certain lot or parcel of land on Holley Avenue, in the City of Bradford, McKean County, Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the westerly line of Holley Avenue, said point being the northwesterly corner of lands sold by A. E. Elliott et al to M. Lytle & Sons by instrument dated Sept. 2nd, 1901; thence westerly and along Lytle & Son's northerly line one hundred fifty-seven feet more or less to the Erie Railroad right of way; thence northerly and along Erie Railway right of way seventy-five (75) feet to a point; thence easterly and right angles with the said westerly line of Holley Avenue one hundred fifty-four (154) feet to the westerly line of Holley Avenue; thence southerly and along the westerly line of Holley Avenue ninety-six and seventy-five one-hundredths (96.75-100) feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of The Bradford Metal Stamping and Machine Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, owner or reputed owner, and The Bradford Metal Stamping and Machine Company, contractor, at the suit of R. Burr.

Melvin & Melvin, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

4.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate, lying in the Township of Keating, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, seventy-five (75) feet from the centre of the B., B. & K. R. R., said post being forty-four (44) rods south 14 degrees west from a post in the warrant line between Warrant No. 2230 and 2251, said point being seventy-five (75) feet easterly on said warrant line from center of the B., B. & K. R. R.; thence south 75½ degrees east ten (10) rods to a post corner; thence north 14 degrees east four (4) rods to a post corner; thence north 87½ degrees west ten (10) rods to a post corner; thence south fourteen (14) degrees west four (4) rods to place of beginning. Containing one-quarter of an acre be the same more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to William Burke by John T. Evans and wife, by deed dated August 31, 1899, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of McKean County, in Deed Book No. 107, at page 142, etc., and subject to the restrictions and reservations contained in said deed. Improved and having thereon one one and a half story board dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Wm. Burke, at the suit of Lee W. Jennings and —— Jennings, partners as Jennings Brothers.

F. W. Hastings, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

5.

Defendants' interest in all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in the borough of Port Allegany, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Commencing at a point in the centre of the highway, south 35 degrees east 16.5 perches from a post in the south line of lands of Solomon H. Barrett; thence along centre of highway south 13 degrees east 8 perches; thence south 70 degrees west 20 perches to a post corner; thence north 18 degrees west 8 perches to a post; thence north 70 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning. Containing one acre of land be the same more or less. Being the same premises conveyed to William B. Black by Lowell L. Lillibridge and wife by deed dated Nov. 20, 1884, and recorded in Liber 52 at page 34.

Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house, one frame barn and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of William B. Black and Myrtle E. Black at the suit of The Elmira Mutual Building Loan Association.

C. W. Catlin, Plaintiff's Attorney.

6.

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of lot sold to Ellen Dunn by John C. Crandall; thence east eighty (80) feet; thence south forty-two (42) feet to a lot leased to S. B. Hawthorn; thence west eighty (80) feet to east boundary of Merrow Avenue; thence north forty-two (42) feet along the east boundary of Merrow Avenue to the place of beginning. Being the same land conveyed by John C. Crandall to Fred Hilbinger by deed dated February 3rd, 1896, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of McKean County in Deed Book Vol. 87, page 298, and by Fred Hilbinger conveyed to Rachel Rosenthal by deed dated September 4th, 1899, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of said county in Deed Book Vol. 107, page 425, etc.

Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Max Sass, executor of the last will and testament of Rachel Rosenthal, deceased, and Janette Shear, Guardian of Sarah Rosenthal, sole heir and devisee of Rachel Rosenthal, deceased, at the suit of J. D. Blair, use of P. A. Kent.

Brown & Schoonmaker, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

7.

Defendant's interest in all that certain tract, piece, parcel or lot of land in Hamlin Township, McKean County and State of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant 4381. Beginning at the center of the public road, at the northeast corner of John H. Hudson's three and half acre lot; thence north eighty-nine degrees west (N. 89 degrees W.) eight hundred and forty-four and eight-tenths feet to a post and stones; thence north seven degrees east (N. 7 degrees E.) two hundred and ten feet to a post and stones; thence south eighty-nine degrees east (S. eighty-nine degrees E.) eight hundred and forty-four and eight-tenths feet to center of public road; thence by the center of public road, south seven degrees west (S. 7 degrees W.) two hundred and ten feet to the place of beginning. Containing four acres more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to August Paulson by Godfrey Lantz and wife by deed dated May 2nd, 1902, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of McKean County in Deed Book No. 80 at page 118, etc., and subject to all the restrictions and reservations contained in said deed.

Improved and having thereon one one and a half story frame dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of August Paulson at the suit of H. E. Shaffer, for use M. & L. Schriever.

H. E. Shaffer, Plaintiff's Attorney.

8.

Defendant's interest in the following described real estate, to-wit:

FIRST. All that certain piece, parcel or or lot of land in the Borough of Kane, McKean County and State of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 3230, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Chase street, sixty feet northward of the northwest corner of Chase and Field streets; thence by the west line of Chase Street (thirty feet from the centre line thereof) north sixty feet; thence by land of H. N. Frazine, west one hundred twenty-seven feet; thence parallel to Chase Street, south sixty feet; thence by land of Mary Brooder, east one hundred twenty seven feet to the place of beginning. Containing seven thousand six hundred and twenty-seven square feet more or less. Being the same premises conveyed to F. M. Brooder by J. D. Brooder and wife, by deed dated May 8th, 1866, recorded in the Recorder's Office of McKean County, in Deed Book Vol. No. 80, at page 369, etc., and subject to all the restrictions and reservations contained in said Deed.

Improved and having thereon two, two story frame dwelling houses.

SECOND. All that certain piece, parcel or lot of land, in the Borough of Kane, McKean County and State of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 3230, being lot Chase street, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the north (west) line of Chase Street, sixty-one and one-half (61½) feet south of the southwest corner of Chase and Easton Streets as now located; thence by the west line of Chase Street (30) feet from the centre thereof) north sixty-one and one-half (61½) feet to the southwest corner of Chase and Easton Streets; thence by the south line of Easton Street (30 feet from the centre line thereof) south seventy degrees (70 degrees) west, one hundred and fifty-four (154) feet; thence by the east side of an alley, parallel to Chase Street, south thirty (30) feet; thence by land of J. W. Griffith, essentially one hundred and forty-six and two-tenths (146.2) feet to the place of beginning, as surveyed by M. J. Dill.

Being the same premises conveyed to Frank M. Brooder by Elizabeth D. Kane by Deed dated February 5th, 1901, recorded in the Recorder's Office of McKean County in Deed Book Vol. No. 114, at page 157, etc., and subject to all the restrictions and reservations contained in said Deed.

Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of F. M. Brooder at the suit of the Temple Theatre Company, a corporation under the laws of Pennsylvania.

J. E. Mullin, Plaintiff's Attorney.

9.

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situate in Port Allegany, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of lot deeded by A. N. Lillibridge and wife to Lowell L. Lillibridge and Sue E. Lillibridge; thence south thirty degrees, east twelve (12) rods to the north line of Free Baptist parsonage lot; thence north 60 degrees east three and one-half (3½) rods; thence north 30 degrees west twelve (12) rods to the centre of Mill street; thence south 60 degrees west three and one-half (3½) rods to the place of beginning. Containing forty-two (42) square perches of land be the same more or less. It being the property conveyed to the said L. L. Lillibridge and Sue E. Lillibridge, his wife, by Leora S. Lillibridge and husband by Deed of October 16, 1897, recorded in said county in Deed Book Vol. 97, page 92.

Improved and having thereon one, two story frame dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of L. L. Lillibridge and Sue E. Lillibridge, his wife, with notice to W. L. Lillibridge, farm tenant, at the suit of the Pennsylvania Savings Fund & Loan Association.

R. K. Shaffer, Plaintiff's Attorney.

CHAS. E. MAYS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 17, 1904.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 117. Dec. Term, 1903.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, It rests in St. Redding in the 12th day of November 1903, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the cause therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, C. A. Redding.

We therefore command you, the said C. A. Redding, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the first Monday of June, 1904, to answer the petition of libel of Bernetta M. Redding and show cause, if any you have, why the said Bernetta M. Redding, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Hereof fail not.

A true copy.

CHARLES E. MAYS, Sheriff.
Smethport, Pa., May 10, 1904.
E. R. Mayo & Son, Libellant's Attorneys.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 10. December Term, 1903

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, William Jack did, on the 9th day of Nov., 1903, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Maggie Jack.

We therefore command you the said Maggie Jack, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of June, 1904, to answer the petition of libel of William Jack and show cause, if any you have, why the said William Jack your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Hereof fail not.

A true copy.

CHARLES E. MAYS, Sheriff.
Smethport, Pa., May 10, 1904.
T. F. Cullin, Defendant's Attorney.

HONEST ENDEAVORS

to satisfy the needs and requirements of our patrons is our first consideration. In this way we have built up a constantly increasing trade. If you have any

Plumbing

to be done we would like to do the work for you. Our workmanship is unsurpassed and our prices are very reasonable. No job is too small or too large for us to undertake. We want your trade to prove the merits of our work.

EDGAR W. STRONG,

BOTH 'PHONES. RUBIN BLOCK. Smethport.

Palmer & Vickery

LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.

FOR SALE,

Horses, Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Etc. Cutters and Robes.

Smethport - Penn.

March 5, 1903.

EMIL THAMM,

MANUFACTURER OF

Fine Cigars.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

Gorton & Richmond,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. All legal business given prompt attention.
Smethport, Pa.

Gallup & Bouton,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's Bank, Smethport, Pa.

D. L. Keenan,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
Office adjoining Residence, Main Street.
Smethport, Pa.
All legal business attended to promptly.

BYRON D. HAMLIN, JOHN FORREST.
Hamlin & Forrest
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa.
Office of the lands of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

E. R. Mayo & Son.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Odd Fellows Building, over the Post Office, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, notary public.

Thomas H. Morrison,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Smethport, Penn's
All legal business given prompt and careful attention.

E. F. Sherman,
PENSION ATTORNEY AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Claims for Bounty, Back Pay, Pensions, &c., both War of the Rebellion and Spanish War; claims given prompt attention. Special attention given to both widow's and invalid claims under the act of May 9, 1900. Office No. 30 Main street, Bradford, Pa. Telephone 302-B.

Physicians

Burg Chadwick, M. D.
—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—
Office over A. W. Voorhees' Drug Store.
Calls answered promptly day or night.
Bell Phone.

H. L. McCoy,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in I. O. O. F. Block, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

John Clark, M. D. C. M
Office and Residence in Clark Block, Smethport, Pa. Office Hours, 8 to 10 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

W. A. Ostrander, Ph. G., M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office and Residence over Lemmler's harness shop.
Day or Night Calls promptly attended to.

G. E. Benninghoff.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 21 Main St., Bradford, Pa. Special attention given to surgery and surgical diseases of women. Office hours from 1:30 to 5:30 and 7 to 8 p. m.

J. C. Brown,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence one door East of Catholic Parsonage, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

ROBERT HAMILTON, M. D., C. M.
Office hours—8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.
Office and residence, Hamilton Block, second floor, Smethport, Pa.

Dr. E. R. Baker,
DENTIST.
Teeth extracted without pain. All kinds of dental work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.
Office over McCoy's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

JAMES McGUIRE, PROP'R

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

HOTEL IMPERIAL,

Main street, Smethport, Pa., Danie Bacon, Proprietor.

This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the country. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Having recently purchased the above Hotel, and made extensive improvements, I am prepared to cater to the traveling public.

C. S. KING, PROPRIETOR.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

F. L. SHERBURNE, Prop.

125 Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

Refitted, repainted and refurnished throughout. The COMMERCIAL is complete in all its arrangements. I am prepared to cater to the wants of the general public. Give me a call.

BAYER HOUSE,

CLERMONT, PENNA

This house has just been rebuilt and refurnished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords and the accommodations are all that can be desired. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars.

BOYD & SMITH, Proprietors.

Novelty Restaurant

New York Counts, Clams, Cigars

THOMAS YOUNG, PROP'R.

Just Received!

The Finest and most complete line of

Picture Mouldings

ever brought to Smethport. Before you purchase a frame call and see the elegant assortment at the studio.

"IKE" GLEASON, The Photograph
Smethport, Pa.